

Overview of current practices in ADR



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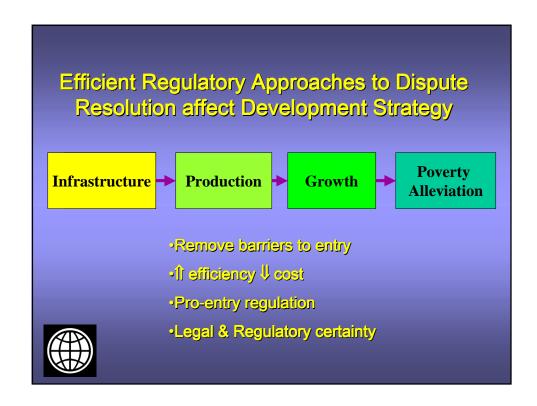


Dispute Resolution in the Telecommunications Sector:
Current Practices and Future Directions

available at:

 $http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/treg/Events/Seminars/2003/GSR/Documents/DRS_Final_GSR_5.pdf$







Why focus on Dispute Enforcement

Disputes:

- ·Cause delay
- Distort Costs
- Can create uncertainty
- Limit Competition undermining sector policy objectives



Regulatory policy, including dispute resolution and enforcement, can shape markets through the incentive structures it creates



Resolution and Enforcement of Disputes is more complex

- Industry is more complex
 - Mix of telecom, broadcast, media, others playing in the same space
 - Networks, services, industry structure is currently changing through broadband, Wi-Fi and VOIP, new generation of interconnection redefining access charges
- Requires change in regulatory procedure and process
 - · Create incentives that change industry actors' behavior
 - · Align decision-making with new networking dynamics
 - · Emphasize Competition in and for the market
 - Consider innovative approaches for the early identification and resolution of disputes



· Trends effect "enforcement"

Traditional Types of Disputes

Liberalization Change of exclusive rights has

frequently led to legal and regulatory disputes

Exclusive rights, licensing of new Investment and trade disputes

competitions, new rate-setting

Technical, operational and pricing Interconnection disputes

disputes are key to the evititeqmos to inemgoleveb

markets. Asymmetric market power

Internationally (ITU Mechanisms)
Domestically - interference license conditions and pricing Radio irequency disputes:



Between service providers and

customers

New/Future Areas of Disputes

Non/ Regulated Services/Infrastructure

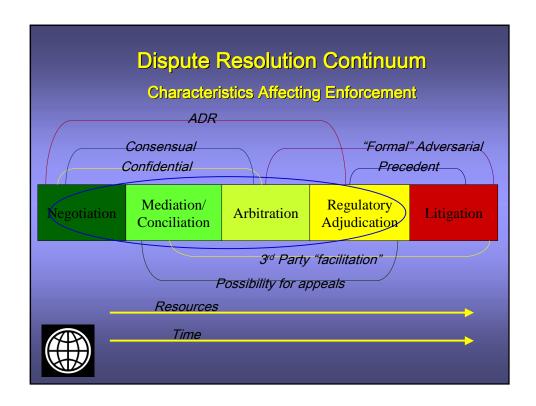
Access Charging

Regulatory Competence/Jurisdiction

Subject Matter

Extraterritoriality

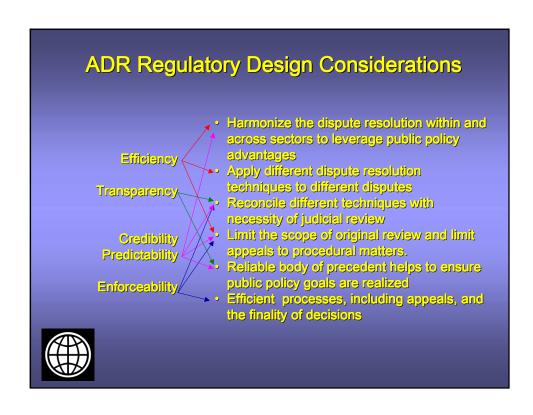




ADR Attributes

- Create incentives for non-adversarial resolution to disputes to boost confidence
- Effectiveness of ADR vs. Litigation in changing market place behavior
 - · Integrated vs. Distributional
 - · Recognition within existing national legal systems
 - ·Flexible and scalable
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 - •Permits rapid introduction of best practices, related, relevant experiences
 - Addresses situations not dealt with by existing law
 - •Transparency!
 - Enforcement!





Examples

COUNTRY	Institution	ILLUSTRATIVE FEATURE
India	TDSAT	Bifurcated structure, formal
New Zealand	Commerce Commission	Flexibility to formalize informal processes
Denmark	NITA	Ex ante consultative procedures
Malaysia	MCMC	Industry self-regulation
Jordan	TRC	Formal mediation/arbitration
Nigeria	NCC	Consumer Court

