



Approaches on USN & RFID technical means testing

Workshop

IMPLEMENTATION EXPERIENCE OF NETWORK PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS CONTROL SYSTEMS AND GRANTING REQUIRED LEVEL OF SERVICES QUALITY ON THE OPERATOR NETWORK
S. SENSOR NETWORKS – AS OPTIMIZATION TOOL FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC FLOW

Content

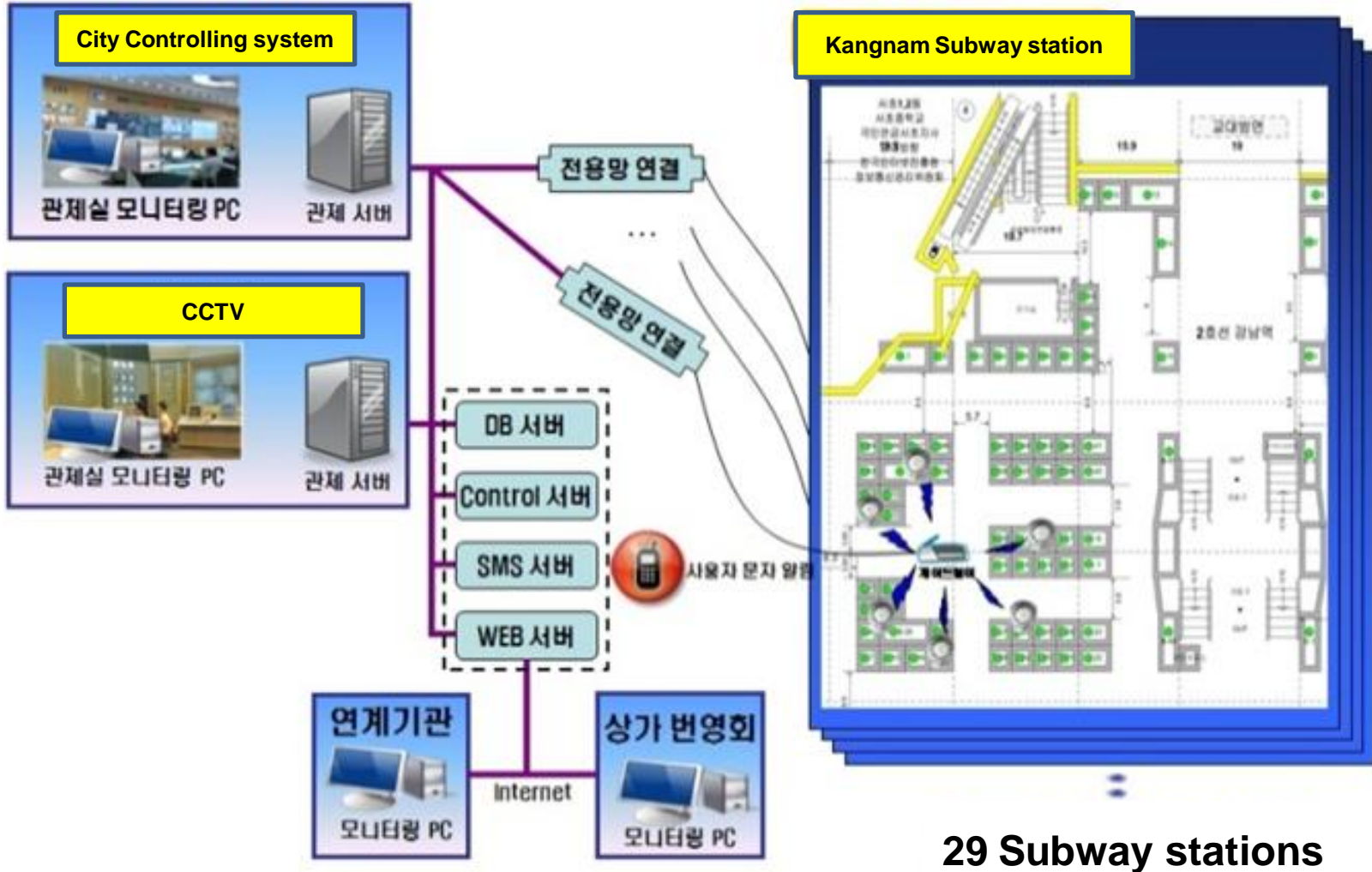
I. Experiments for test specification

II. USN performance test in NIPA

III. USN Testbed

IV. Demo

What if there is no Testing



29 Subway stations

Problems

- **High Density of sensor nodes in small place**
 - **Overhead for communication**
- **Network Performance & Stability**
 - **After network become unstable, they cannot recover by themselves (Need to know maximum throughput)**
- **Interference with each other and other network**
- **Low Power**

Development of USN Test Specification

- **Why Performance Test is important for USN?**
 - There are huge number of non-standard technologies
 - There is no way to certify or verify these USN technologies with Conformance Test
 - Only Performance Test could be the answer to verify the quality of performance
- **Performance Test**
 - increase market growth through verification of products
 - Increase level of R&D technology through performance analysis

Development of USN Test Specification

- **Key Point**
 - Performance Test is not easy to normalize due to their properties
 - But Performance Test has to be normalized for repeatability and reproducibility
- **What we have to do...**
 - Target 1 : Application layer functional test
 - Target 2 : Network layer performance test
 - Target 3 : Peripheral function performance test

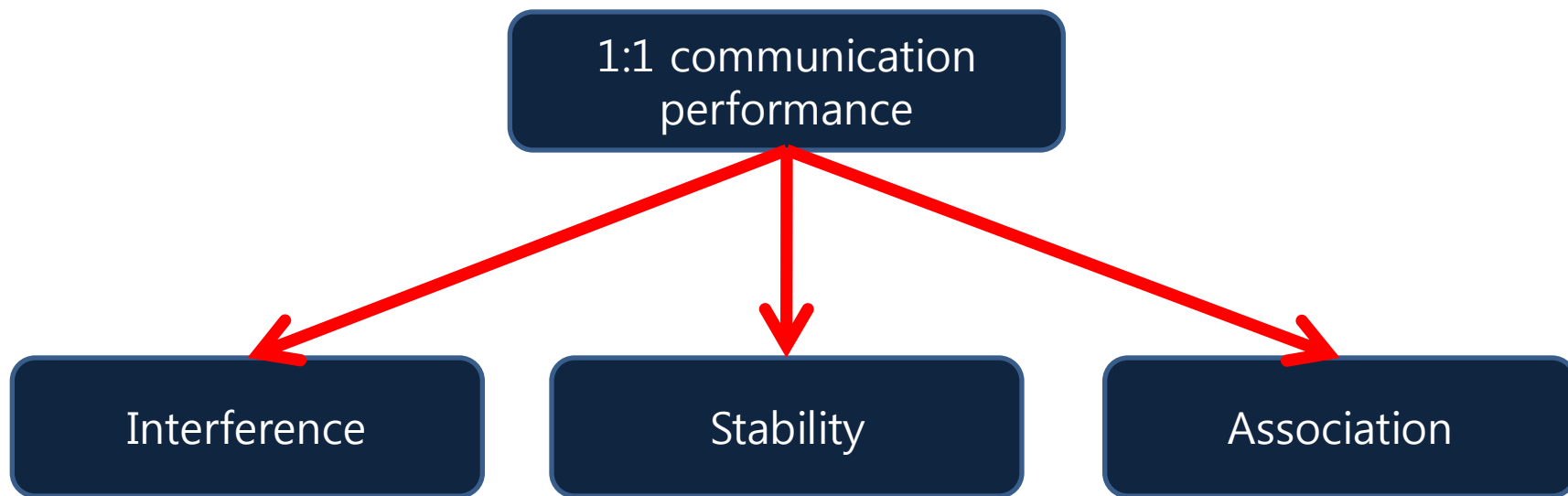
Experiment for Test Specification

Find out possible problems
and its solution for USN

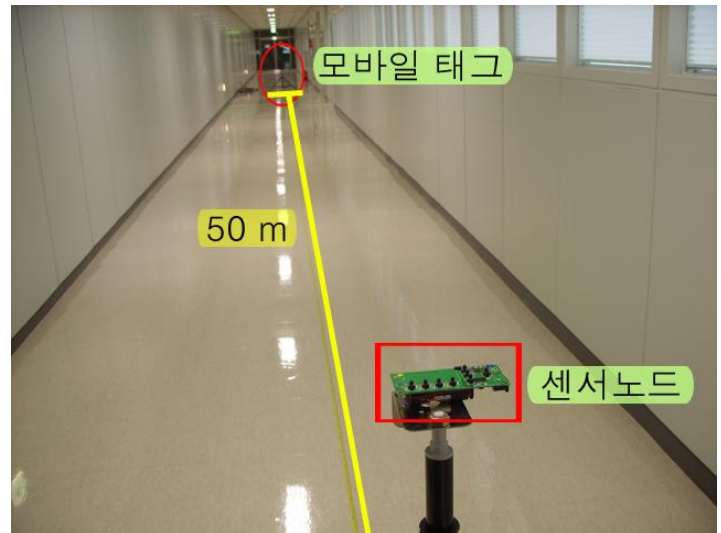
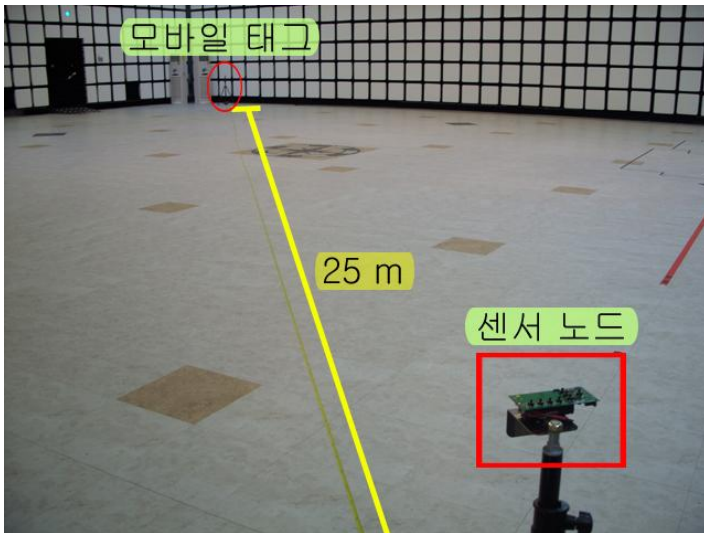
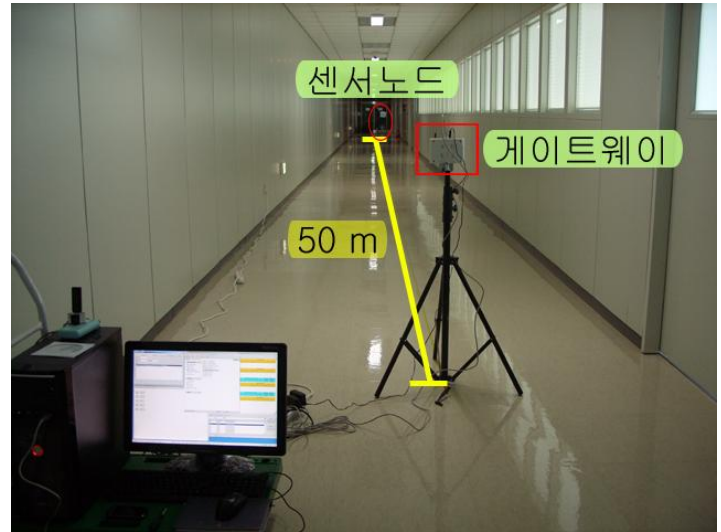
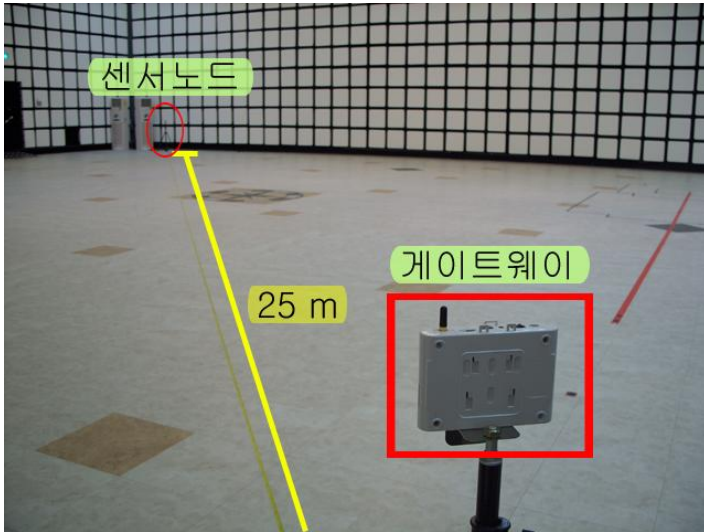


- Develop Test Specification
- Provides Guideline for Development and Field Installation

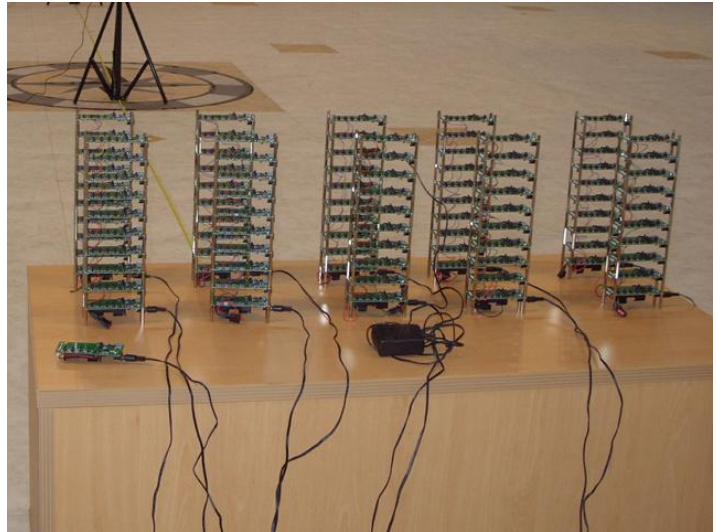
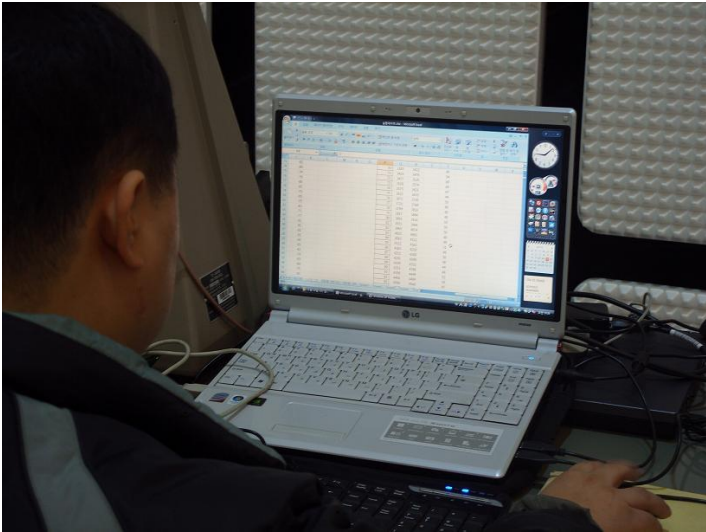
Methodology for Experiment



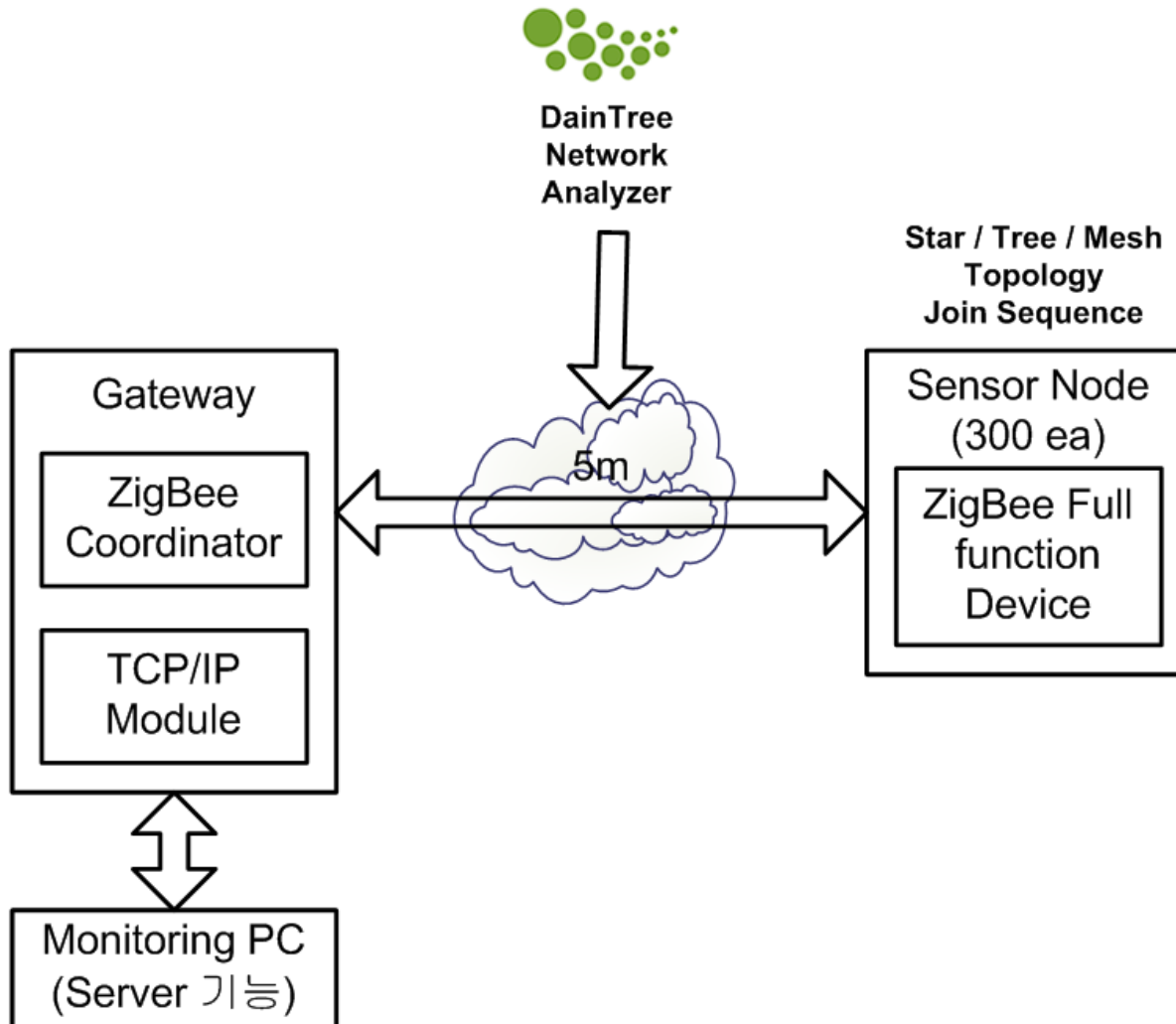
1:1 communication performance



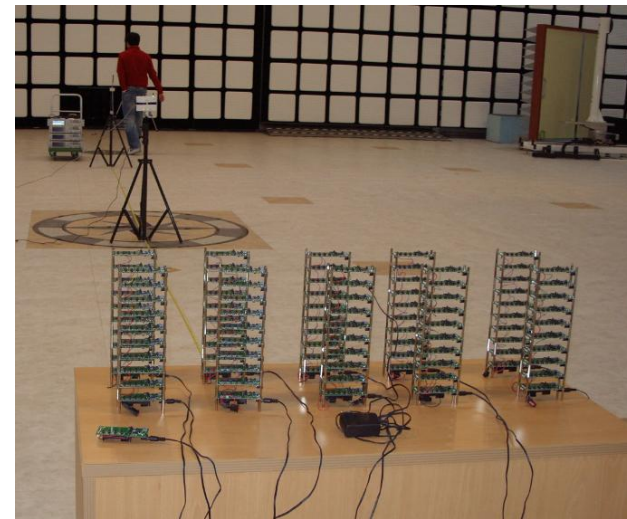
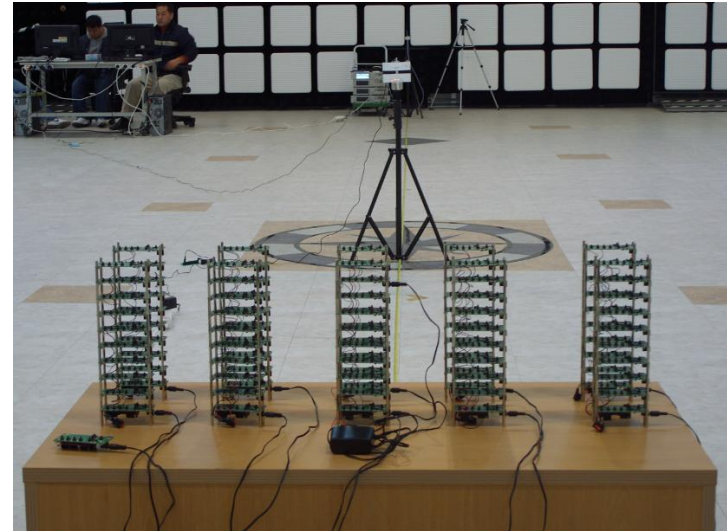
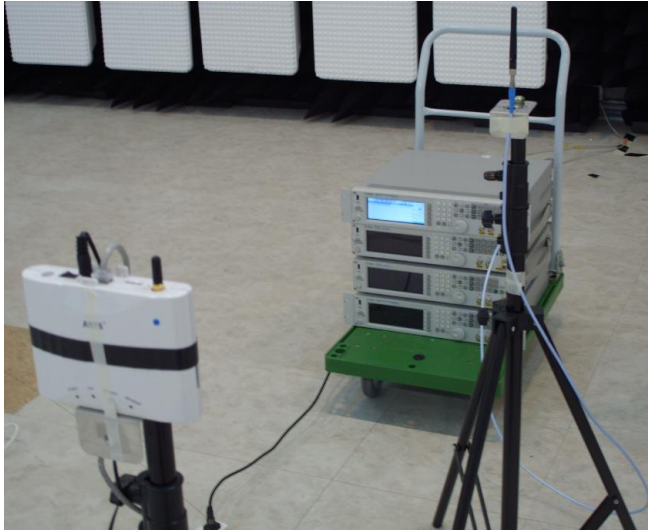
Stability test with 300 sensor nodes



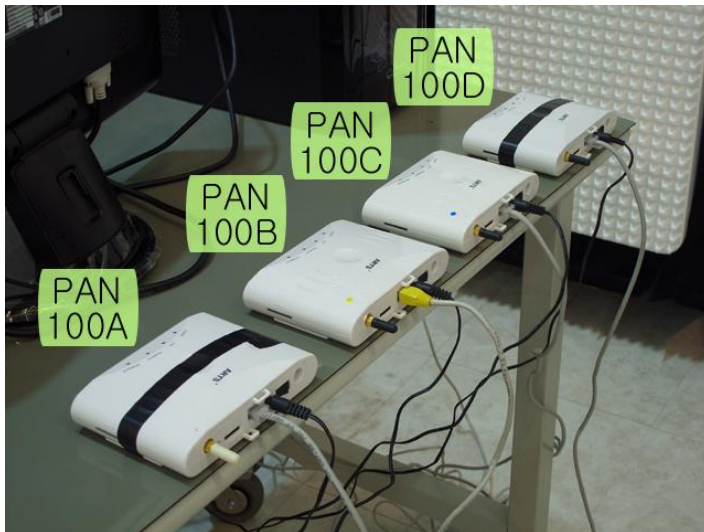
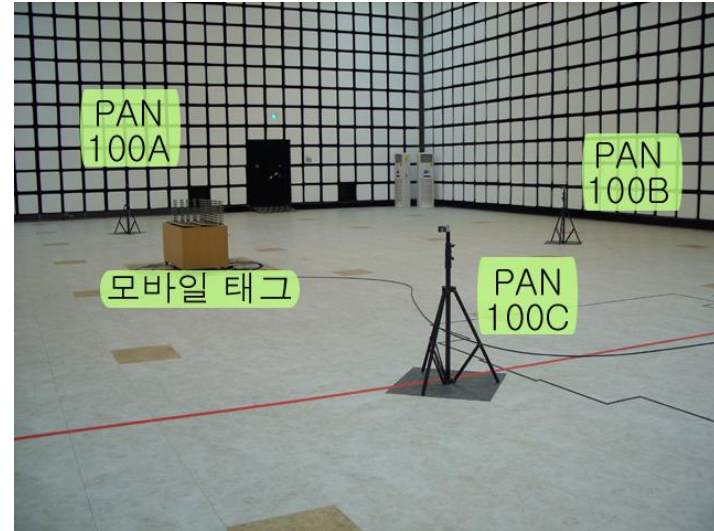
Association Test



Interference test



Performance in multi-PAN



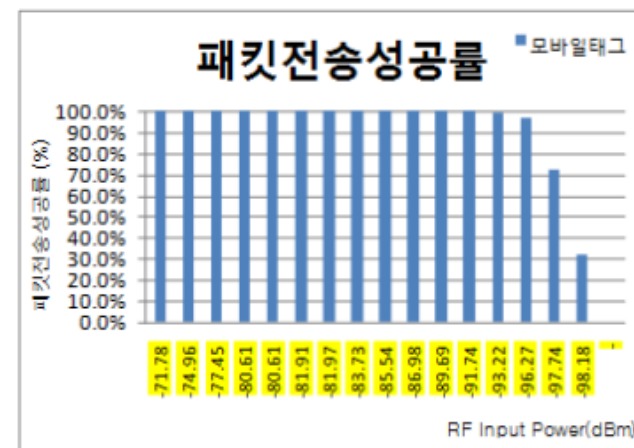
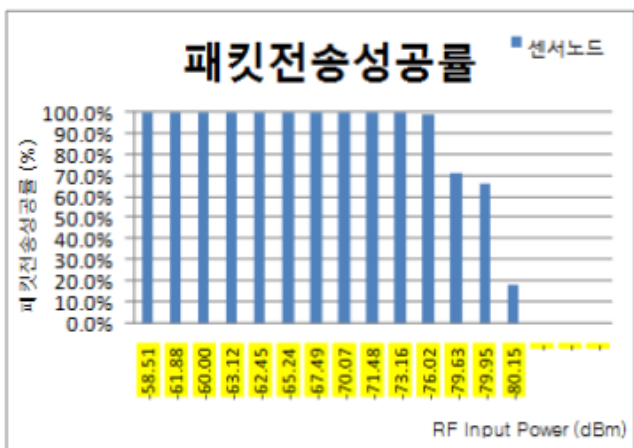
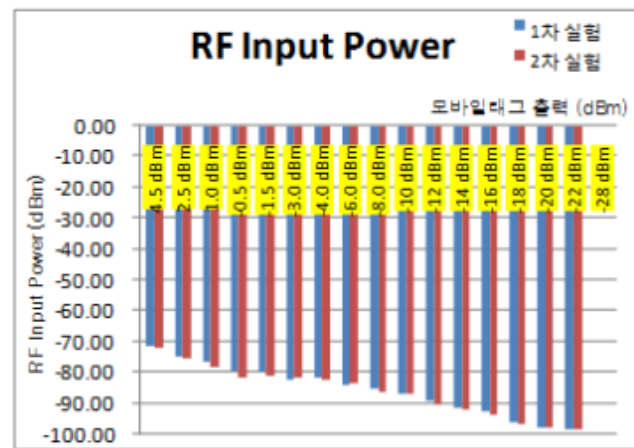
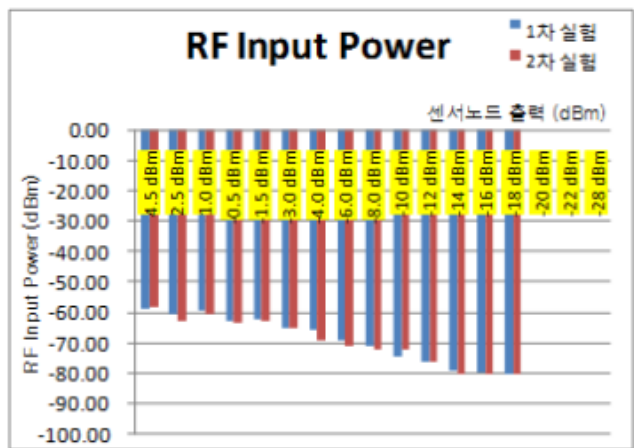
Mobility Test



1:1 test result(in anechoic chamber)

X : changing Tx power step by step

Y : RF input power



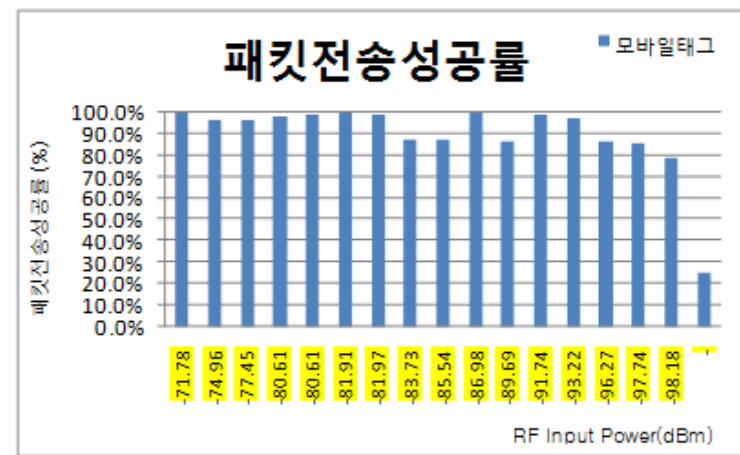
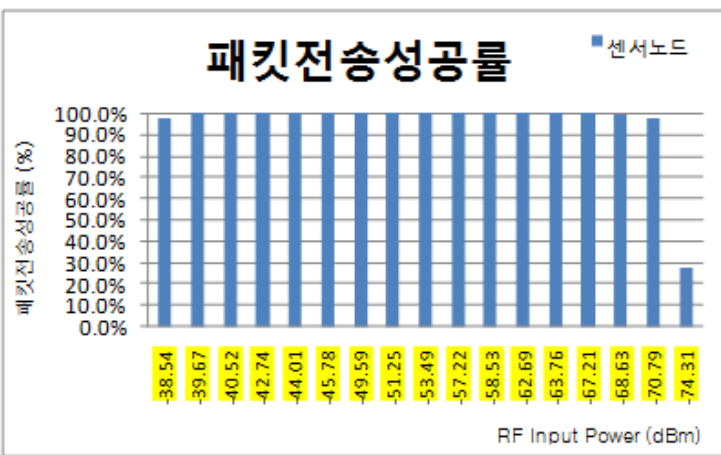
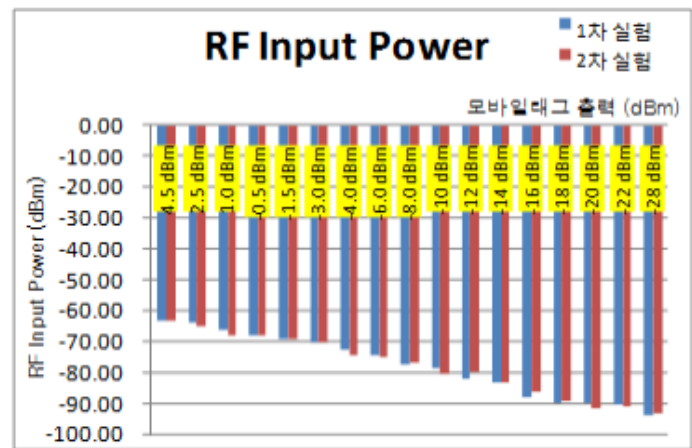
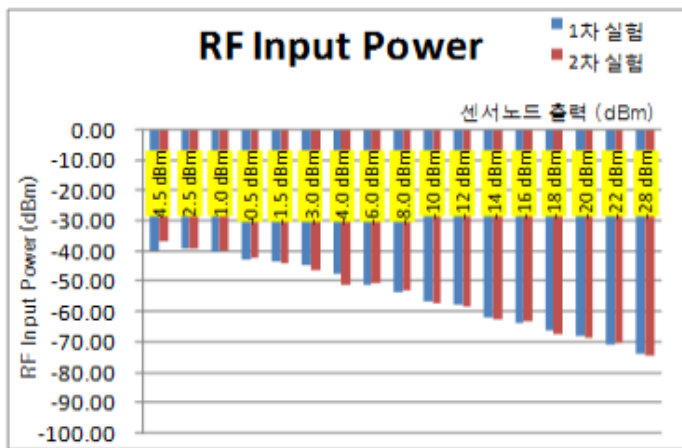
CC2420 based Sensor Node

CC2431 based Sensor Node

1:1 test result(in building)

X : changing Tx power step by step

Y : RF input power



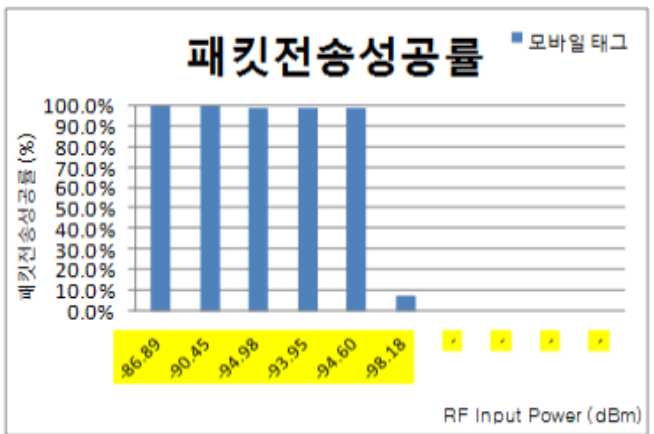
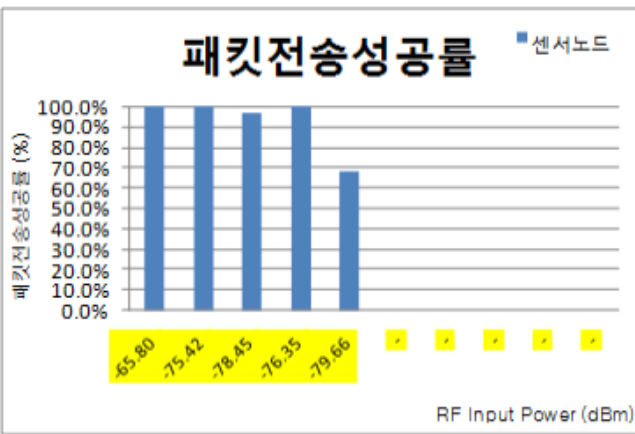
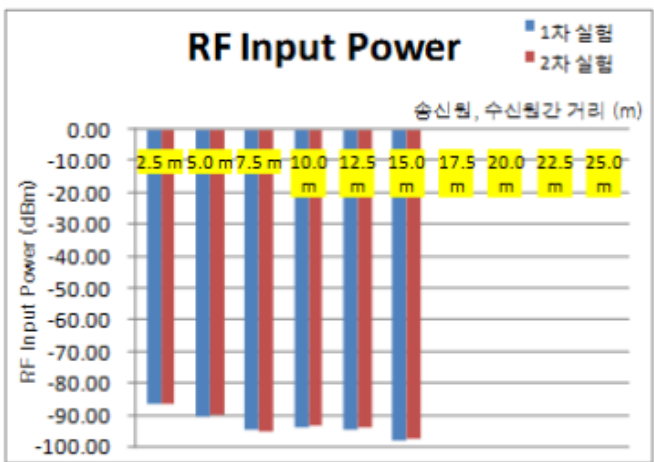
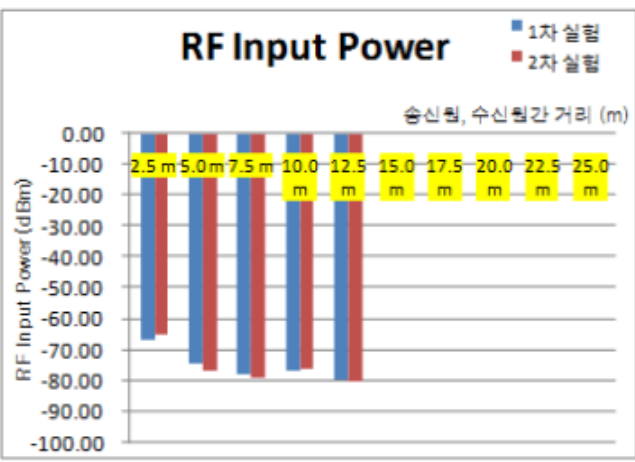
CC2420 based Sensor Node

CC2431 based Sensor Node

1:1 Test Result(reading range)

X : changing distances

Y : RF input power

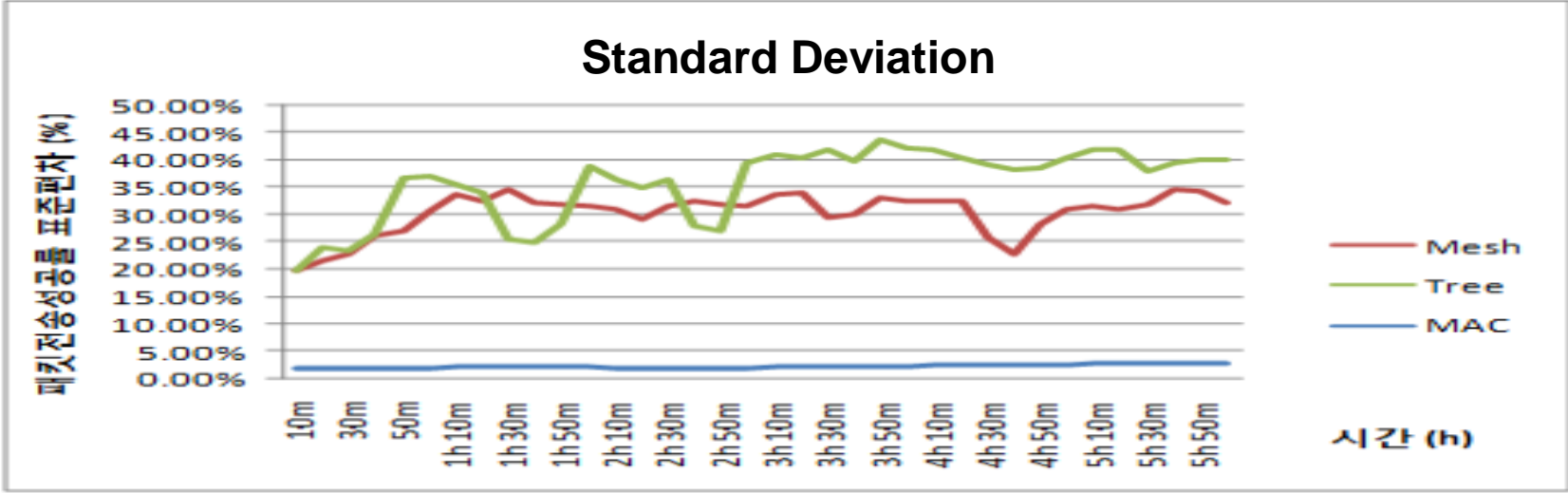
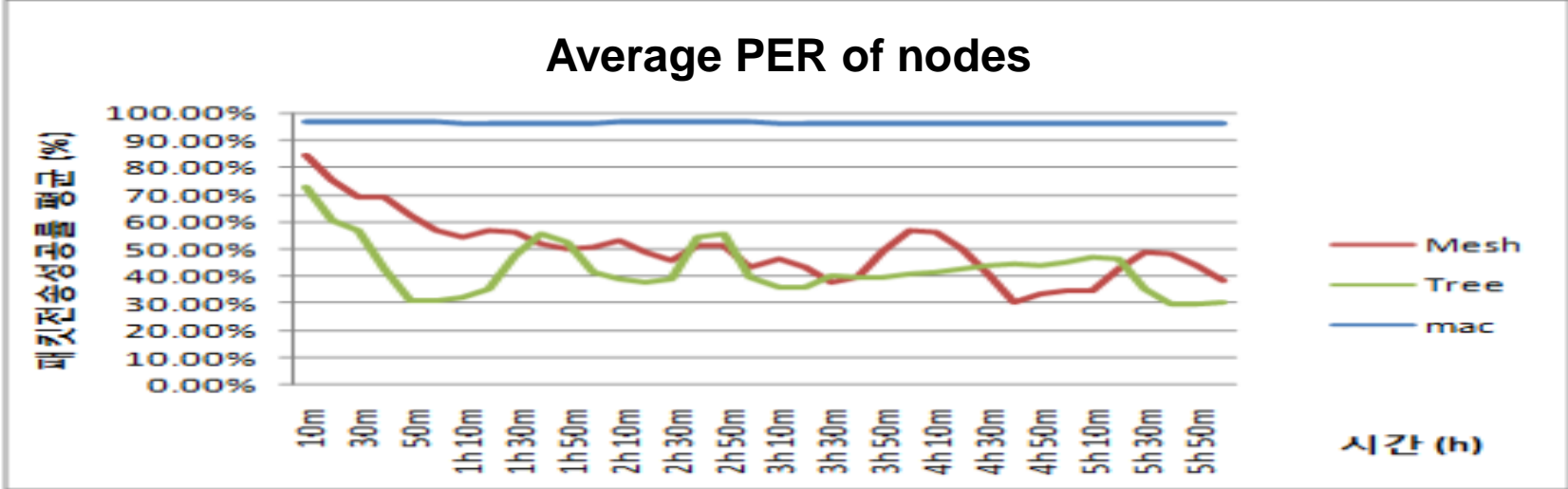


CC2420 based Sensor Node

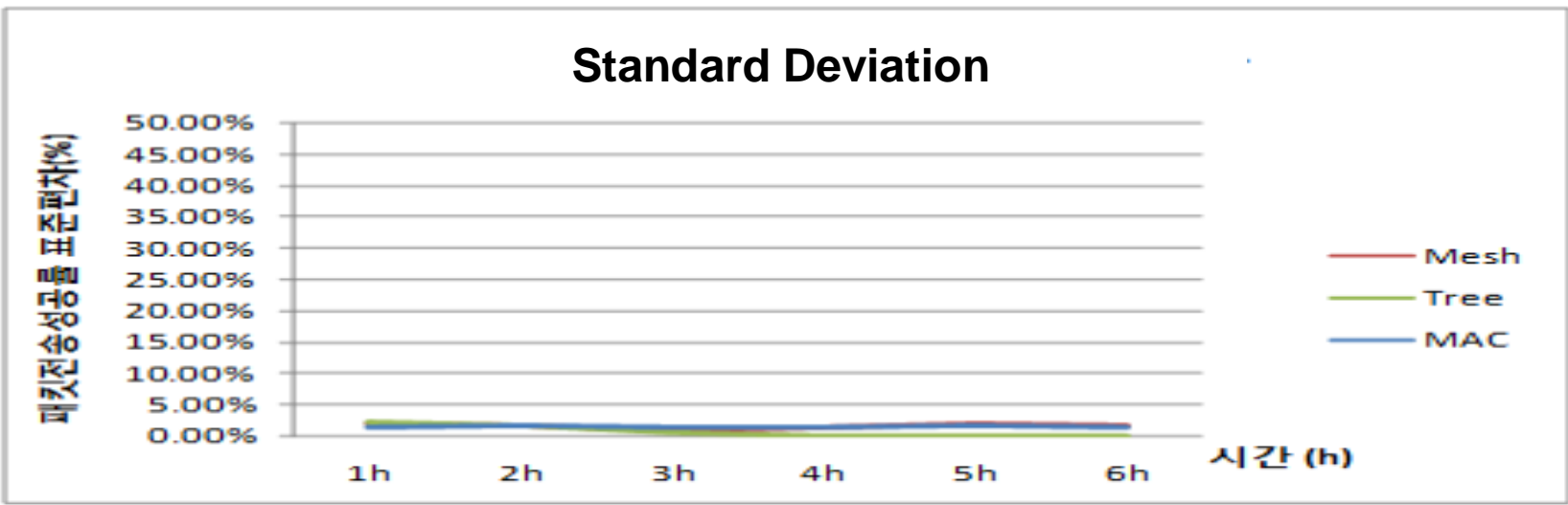
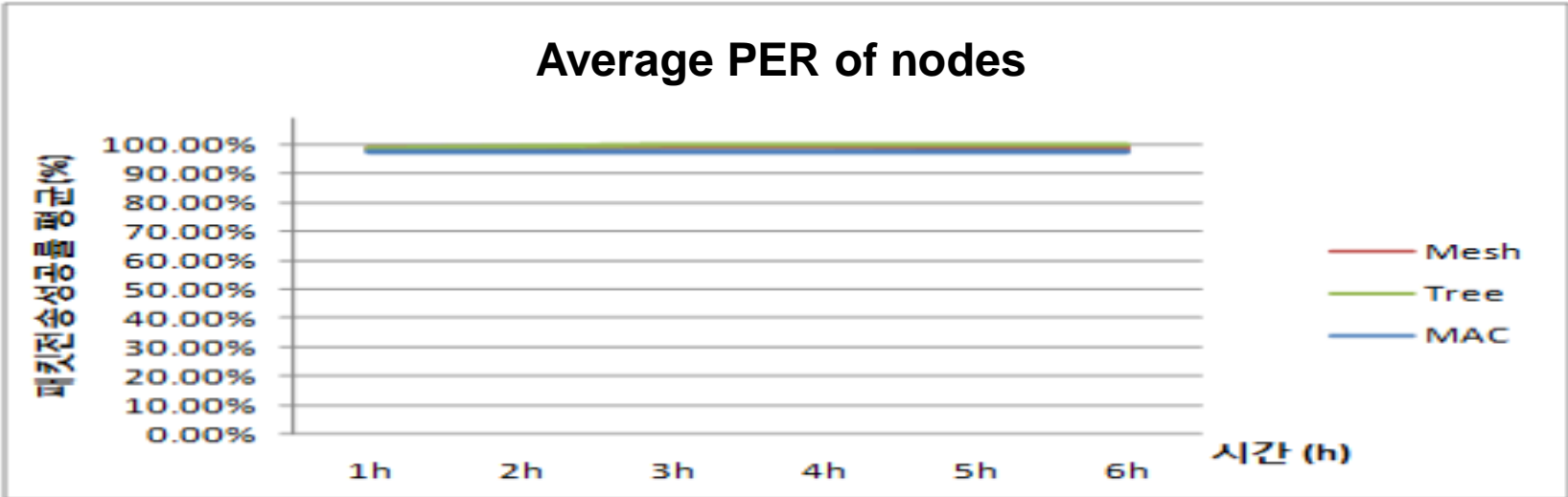
CC2431 based Sensor Node



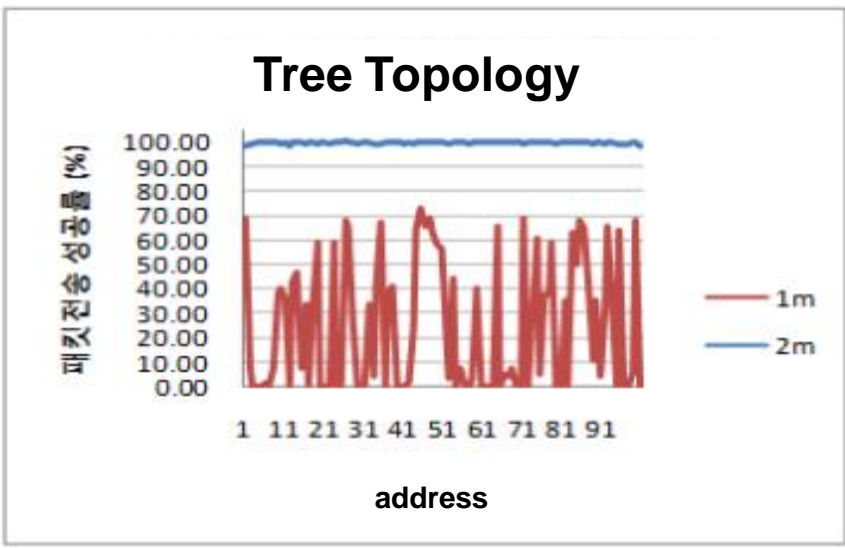
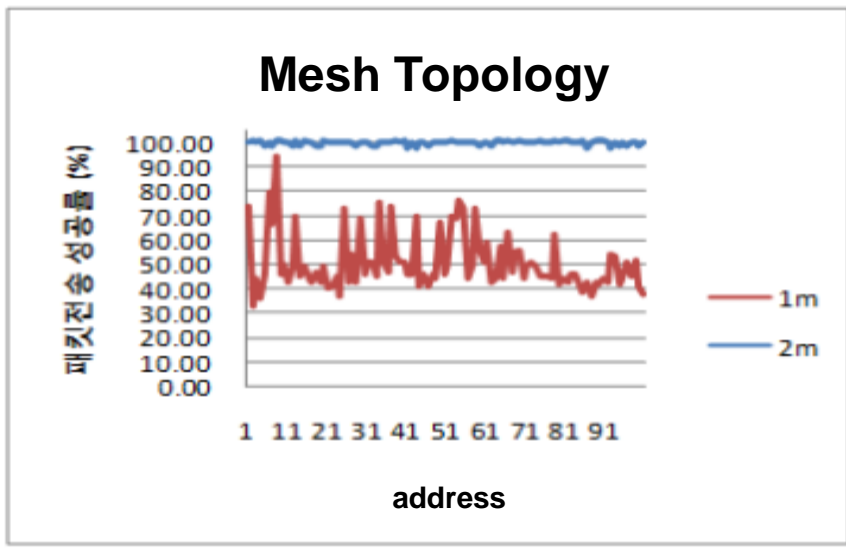
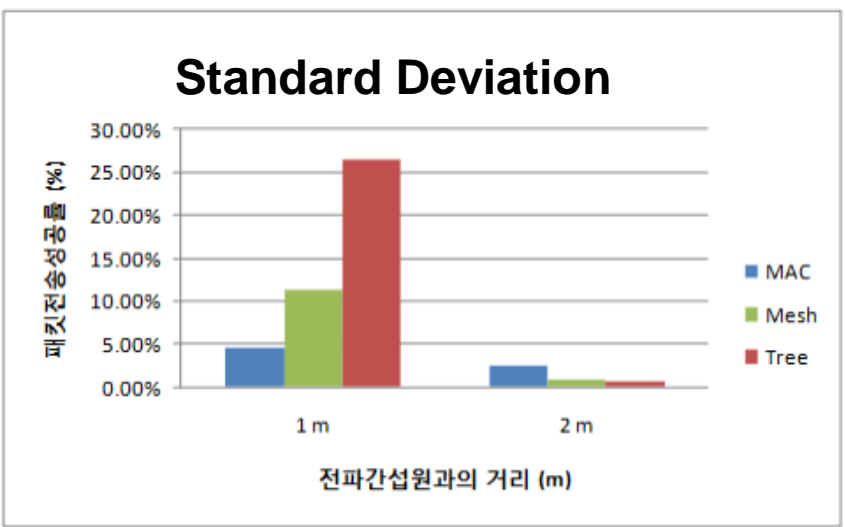
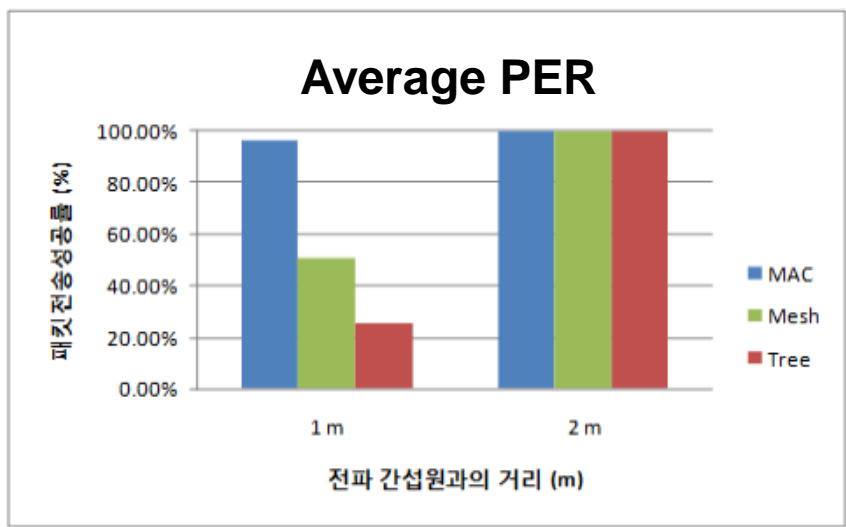
Stability test result(300 nodes)



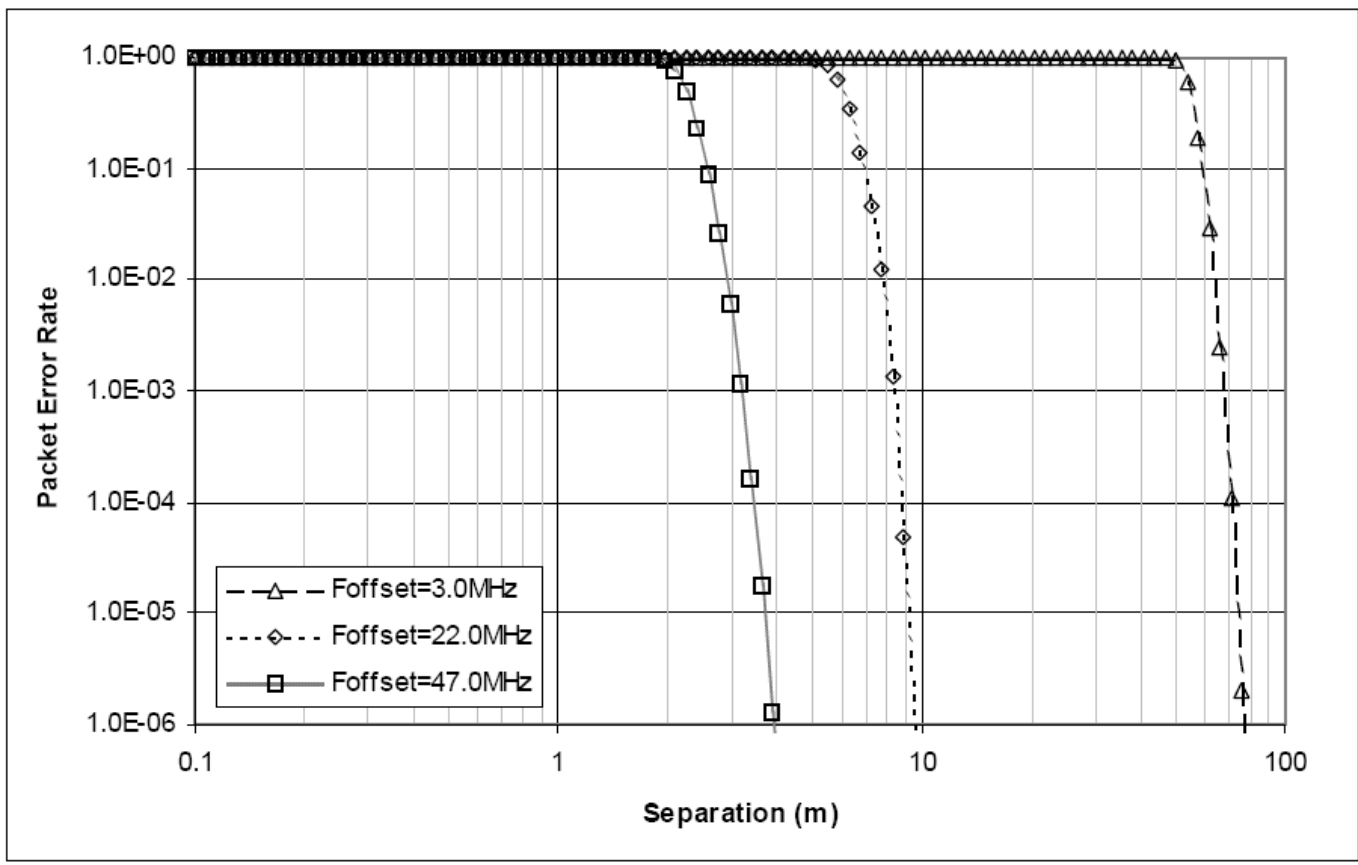
Stability test result(100 nodes)



Interference test result

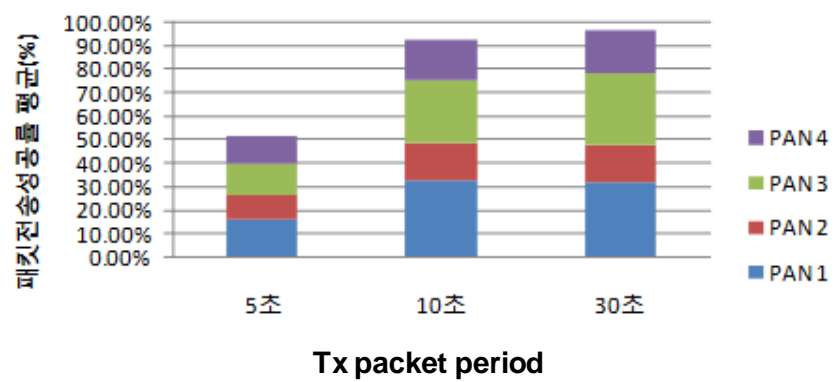


Interference test result

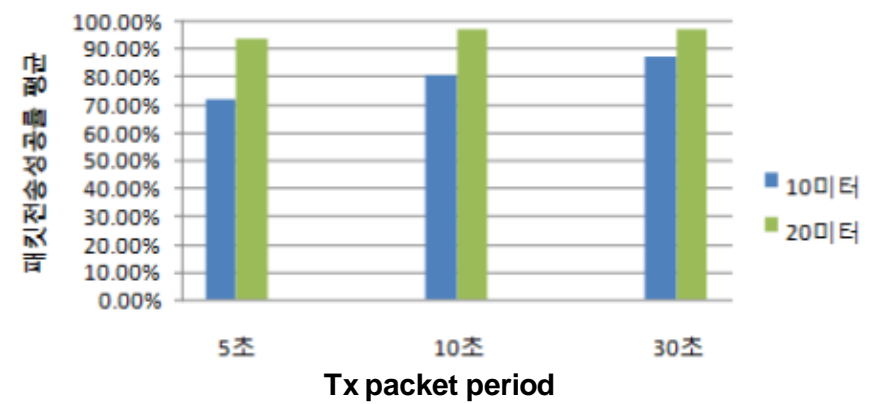


Multi-PAN test result

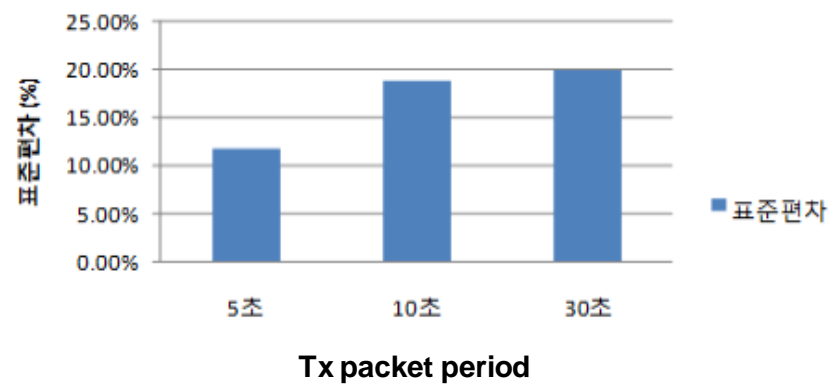
PER distributions



Average PER

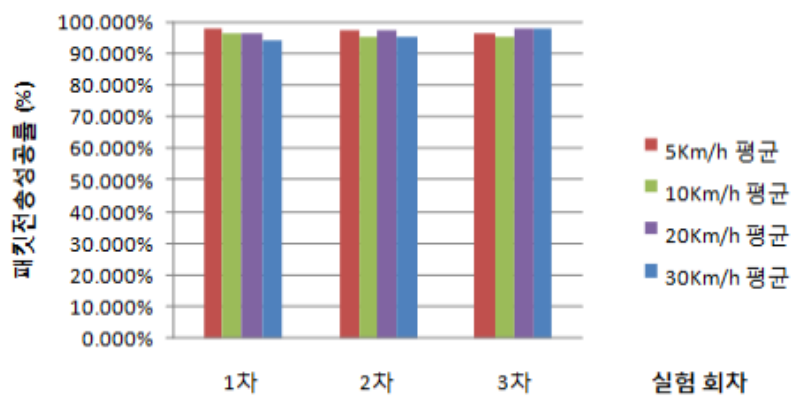


Standard Deviation

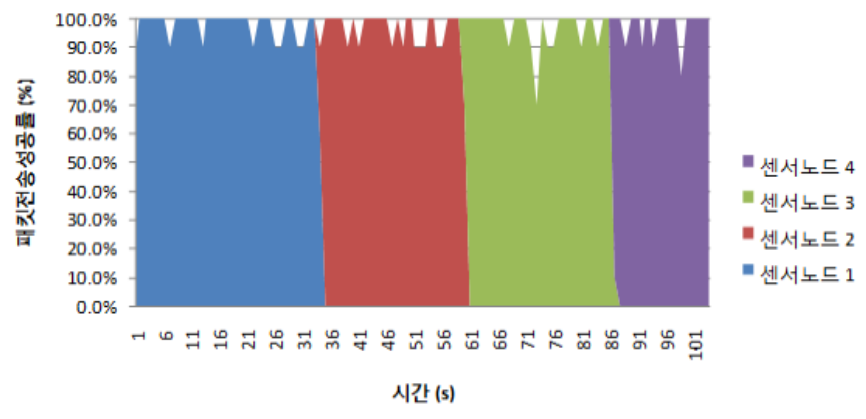


Mobility test result

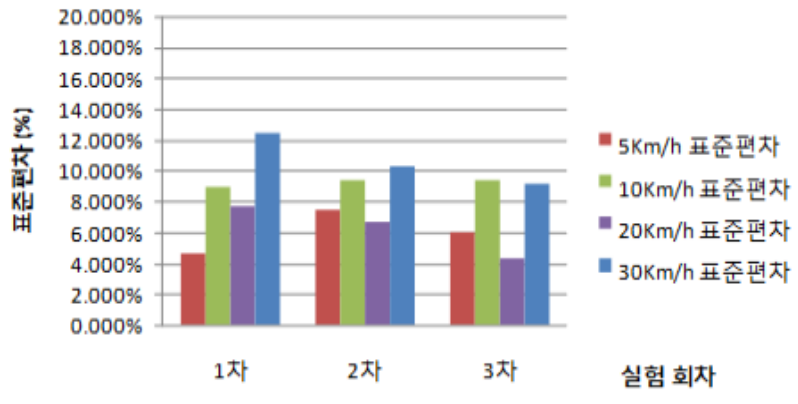
Average PER



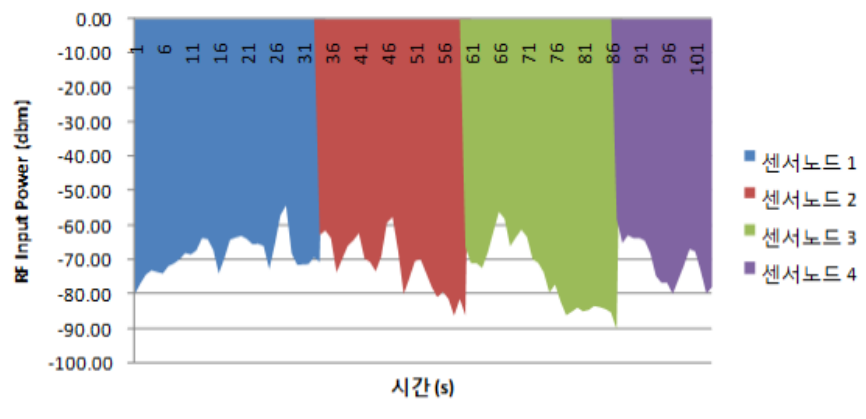
PER for node 1



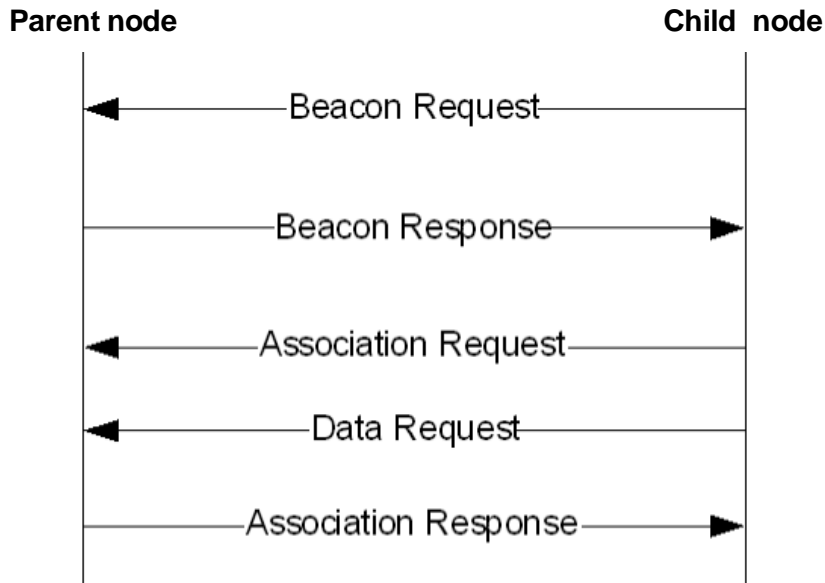
Standard Deviation



RF input power for node 1



Join Sequence problem in ZigBee Protocol



Content

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Development of USN Test Specification

Goal

A needs for performance verification at each application model is increasing

Development of test list for each application model




Increasing a demand of USN system

Example

Development of Real Environment Test for each Application

Example




ISO 24730, IEEE 802.15.4a, Wi-Fi (RTLS protocols)

Location Accuracy Test

Response Time Test

Process



Test List → **Class System** → **Test Standard**

Developing the Real Environment Test List for application test for each application

Classifying the performance for each Test List

Marking suitable class level on each USN application

Development of USN Test Specification

Section	Test Lists	remark
Low Power	Amount of Average Consumed Current	mA
Range of RF	Readable Range of RF	m or dB
Packet Error Rate	Average PER for WSN network	%
	PER for each Sensor Node	%
Packet Delay	Packet Round Trip Delay(delay time/hop count)	ms/hop
Routing	Max Multi-hop Count	hop
	Loop back Recovery Time	s
	Delay Time of Joining Network	s
	Delay Time of Rebuilding Routing Path	s
Retransmission	Max Rate of Retransmission for WSN network	%
Throughput	Data Throughput(QoS)	kbps



Development of USN Test Specification

Test List	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Average Current	0.289mA (12 months)	0.385mA (9 months)	0.578mA (6 months)	1.157mA (3 months)	3.478mA (1 months)
Range of RF	100m	80m	60m	40m	20m
PER for Network	90%	85%	80%	75%	70%
PER for each node	99%	95%	90%	85%	80%
Packet Round Trip Delay	1ms/hop	5ms/hop	10ms/hop	20ms/hop	30ms/hop
Max Multihop Count	40hop	30hop	20hop	10hop	3hop
Loop back Recovery Time	1s	10s	20s	30s	40s
Delay Time for Joining Network	1s	5s	20s	60s	600s
Delay Time for Rebuilding Routing Path	1s	5s	20s	60s	600s
Rate of Retransmission	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%
Data Throughput(QoS)	200kbps	150kbps	100kbps	50kbps	1kbps

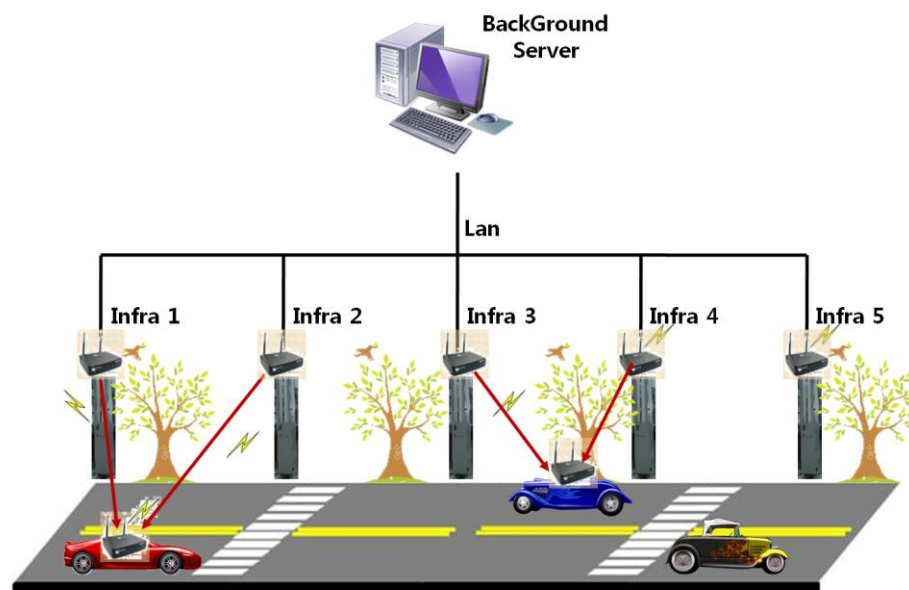
Development of USN Test Specification

Application Model	Average Current	Range of RF	PER for Network	Data Throughput	Requirement
RTLS	Level 5	Level 2	Level 2	Level 1	
Environment Monitoring	Level 1	Level 1	Level 5	Level 5	
Management of Streetlight	Level 5	Level 3	Level 2	Level 5	



USN Performance Test : proximity RTLS

- **Target**
 - RTLS based on proximity Algorithm
- **System Overview**
 - Location of infra nodes are mapped by user
 - Location of target means the location of most closest infra node from target
 - Number of Infra nodes : 40e3
- **Test List**
 - PER
 - Round-Trip-Delay
 - Retransmission
 - Throughput
 - Etc

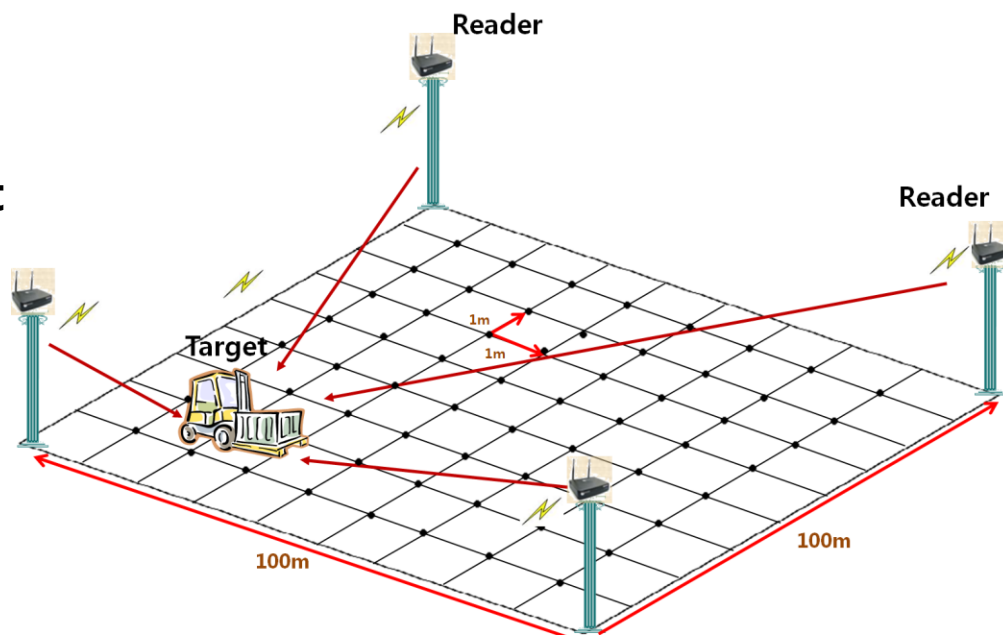


USN Performance Test - proximity RTLS

- **Special Feature**
 - **Debugging Tool**
 - Dump program memory from sensor nodes while running
 - Overwrite data into program memory while running
 - All of this action is done by Background Server
 - Every infra node is controlled by Background Server while they are running
 - What we can do with this special feature?
 - Downloading binary image simultaneously
 - Changing specific variables while running time

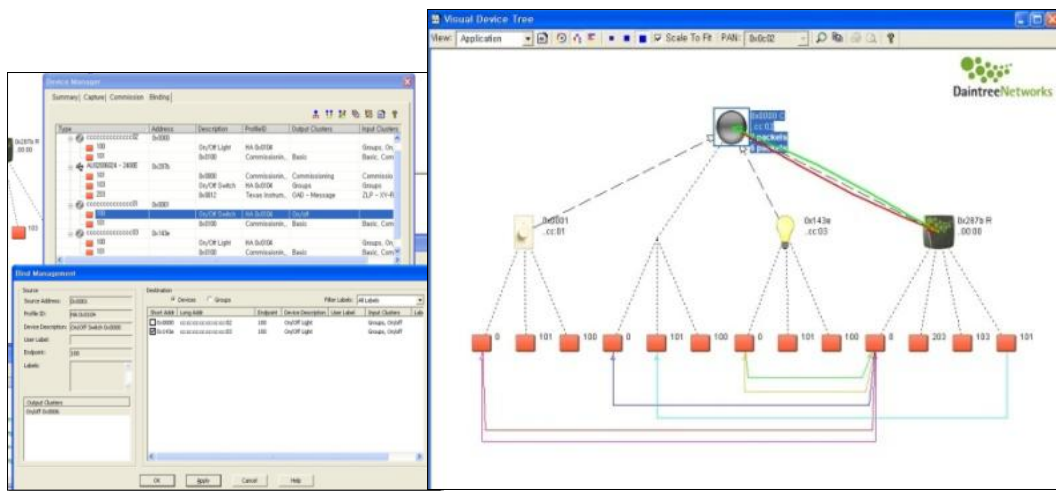
USN Performance Test - zone RTLS

- **Target**
 - RTLS based on zone algorithm, like using triangulated algorithm
 - Ex) ISO 24730, AeroScout products, etc
- **System Overview**
 - Size : 100m x 100m
- **Test List**
 - Location Accuracy
 - Time Delay for Movement



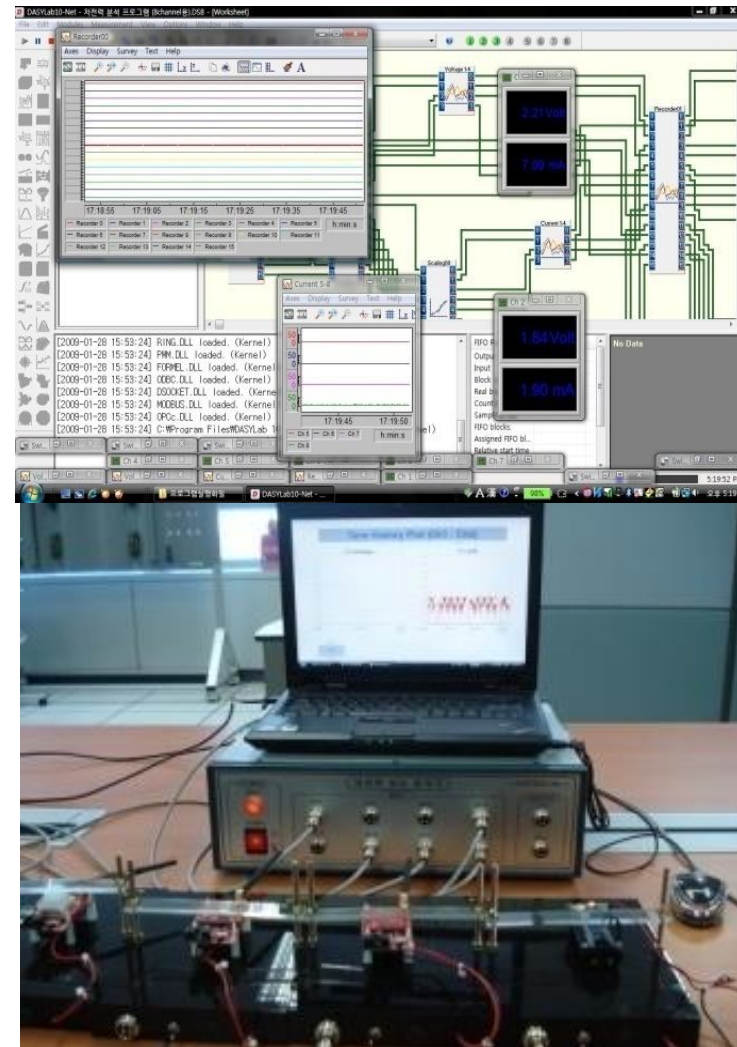
Network Performance Test

- Target
 - Every protocol which includes non-standard based on IEEE 802.15.4
- Test List
 - PER : Routing & Source Routing
 - OTA(Over-The-Air)
 - LQI(Link Quality Indication)
 - Round-Trip-Delay
 - Retransmission
 - Throughput
 - Etc



Low Power Performance Test

- **Target**
 - Battery powered USN node
- **Test List**
 - **Lifetime Test**
 - Estimation of exact lifetime
 - **Analysis Test**
 - Analyze performance of low power protocol
- **Feature of Tester**
 - Precision ADC Converter(RogaDAQ16)
 - Sampling Rate : 40 μ s
 - Unlimited time of data logging

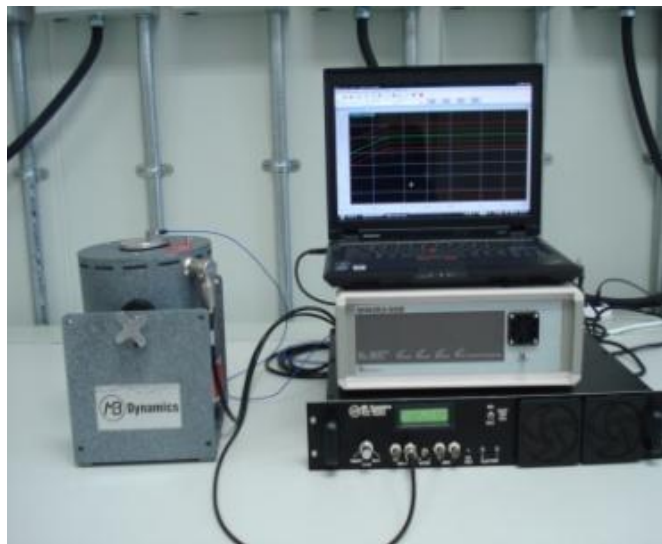


Sensor Data Accuracy Test

- **Target**
 - **Sensors for**
 - **Temperature and Humidity**
 - **Acceleration and Vibration**
 - **Hydraulic and Pneumatic**



< Temp & Humi >



< Accel & Vib >



< Hydraulic & Pneumatic >

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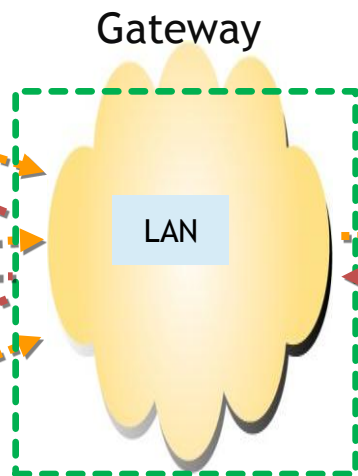
Introduction

- **Verifying the Performance of WSN at Real Environment**
 - Reliability test for specific application
 - Wide range test of outdoor field
 - Higher density of WSN nodes
- **Comfortable Field Test for Development**
 - Well constructed LAN & Power infra at outdoor
 - Providing automatic control & management system
- **Application Model**
 - Parking Lot Management
 - Road Surface Monitoring
 - Streetlight Management
 - Weather & Atmosphere Monitoring

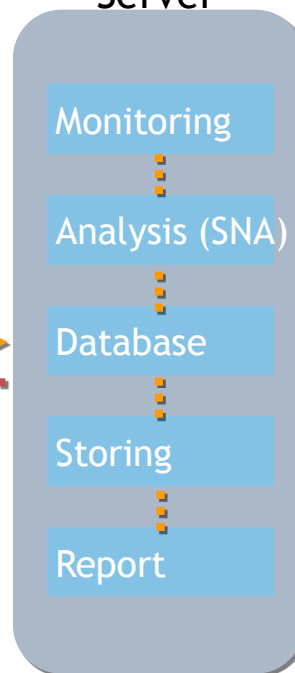


Overview

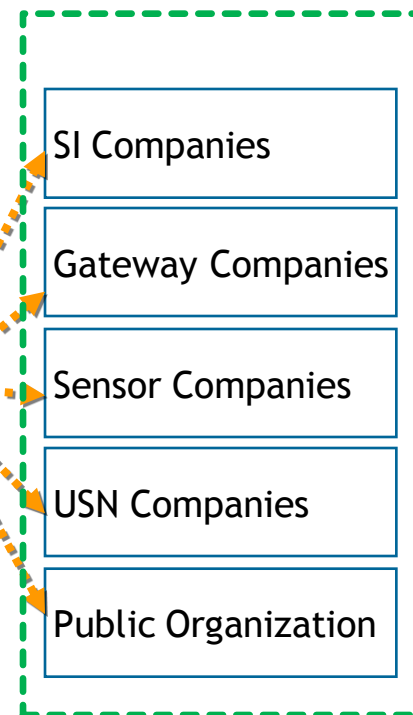
Real Environment Testbed



Application Server



Customer



USN Test beds in RUC Overview

- **Sensor Nodes**

- IEEE 802.15.4 Compliant RF module
- 2.4GHz bandwidth
- Mesh Network
- Provide Battery, LQI, Parent Address information



- **Gateway**

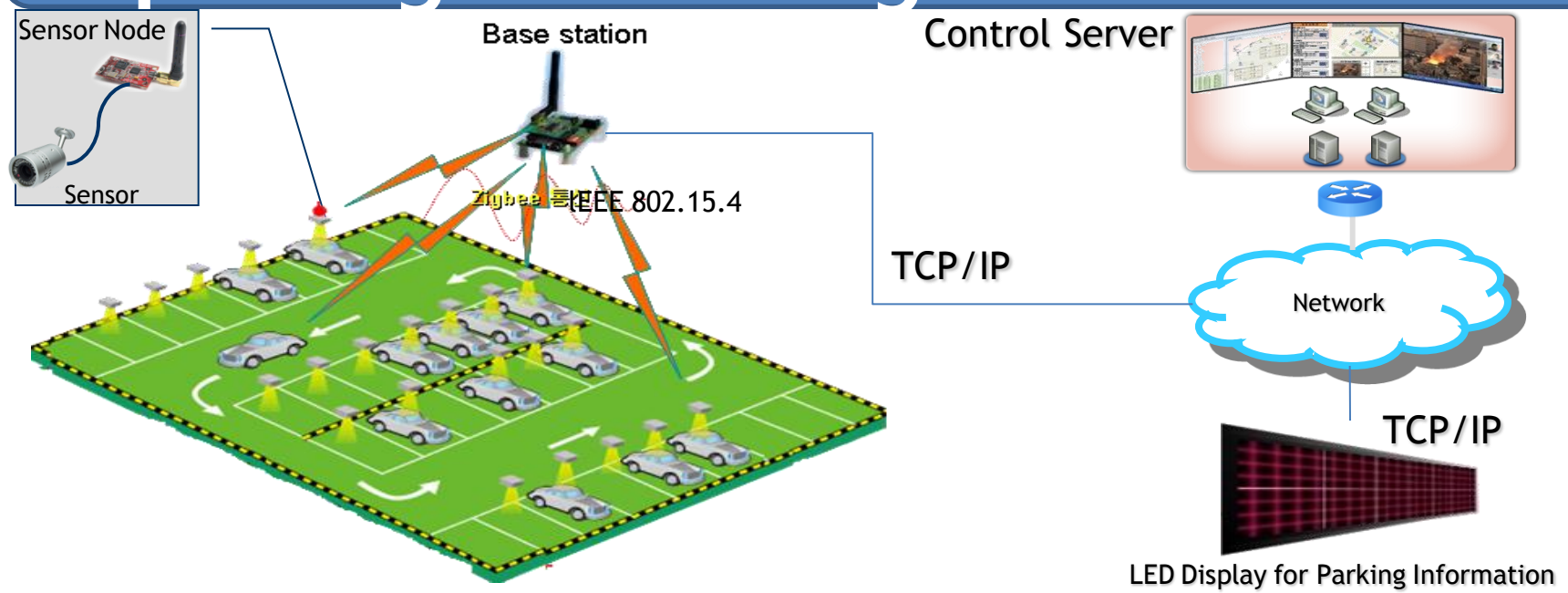
- Deliver data packets between monitoring server and sink node
- Web access with TCP/IP



Functional Tasks of Testbed

Task	Feature	Content
Sensor Monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Graphical Display ✓ User Map upload 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Display sensor network topology on user map ▪ Display a status of parking lot, weather, atmosphere, streetlight, etc... ▪ Display the information of each sensors on time domain ▪ Record every information on DB
Sensor Nodes Performance Monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Network Status ✓ System Status 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Display LQI, RSSI, Packet Loss Rate ▪ Display the amount of battery charge ▪ Record every information on DB
Sensor Nodes Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Over-The-Air ✓ Command Query ✓ Management ✓ Deployment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Network reprogramming over the air ▪ Control of sensor node's H/W like LED's On/Off, reboot, modifying RF channel ▪ Control of sensor node's S/W like modifying Node ID, PAN ID, Group ID ▪ Display multihop route path(Mesh Networks) ▪ Display the amount of battery charge ▪ Display sensor node's network information like LQI ▪ Insert or delete sensor node information as it appears or disappear on network
Database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Middleware ✓ DB Backup 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Store every sensing data on DB ▪ Provide data on real time for application server ▪ Data backup on schedule(daily)
User Interface	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Usage of Testbed ✓ Verification Report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ GUI : User Map, Network Topology, LQI, RSSI, Battery, Packet Loss Rate, etc... ▪ Management of USN Testbed's status ▪ Record performance of USN products like performance of RF, Network Protocol, MAC Protocol, sensed data, command query, etc ▪ Report verification result on paper

USN Test beds in RUC parking Lot management



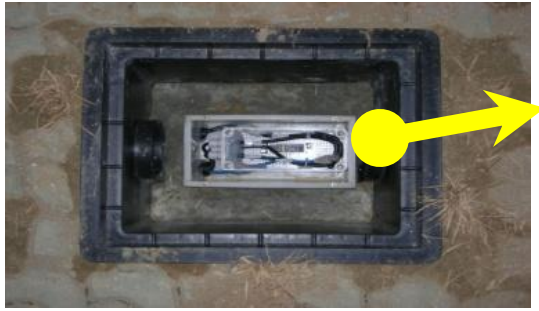
- ❖ Magnetic sensor which located underground senses existence of car for each parking lot
- ❖ Sensor nodes are networked each other with USN technology(IEEE 802.15.4, CTP Routing Algorithm, etc...)
- ❖ Base station is gathering all portion of parking lot's information from each sensor nodes
- ❖ The information gathered by base node transfer USN Parking Lot Management Server(TCP/IP)
- ❖ Companies, developers can install and test their own sensors, base stations and etc.

USN Test beds in RUC Parking Lot management

- The case of sensor node is shielded to protect from rain, typhoon, shock and etc.
- Magnetic sensors which detect car existence are buried in the ground
- Each of Sensor node cases has power source, LAN connector and RS232



connected with magnetic sensor by RS232
car.



Parking Lot management

[Test and Analysis Items]



● Application Layer Performance

- Accuracy of car existence sensing data at time domain
- Reliability of received data packet(application layer)
- Reliability of command query(source routing)
- Tolerance limit against data traffic

● Network Layer Performance

- Accuracy of received network layer packet(ex: routing packet)
- Reliability of source routing packet
- Analysis for multi-hop network topology
- Monitoring the cost of routing protocols
- Tolerance limit against data traffic

● Functions of WSN Test bed

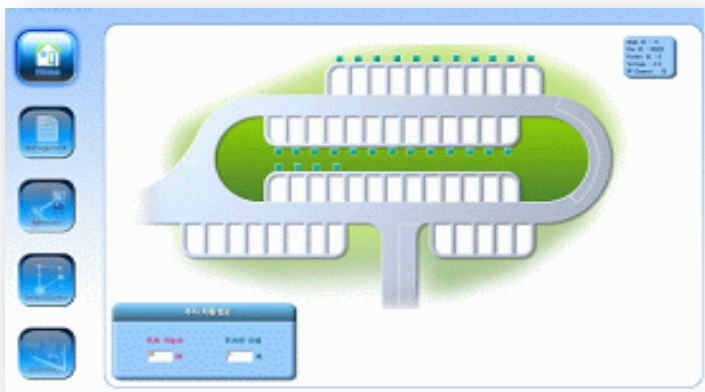
- Status of LQI, battery, parent's address, route path etc
- Over-The-Air
- Command query(source routing)
- Ping message
- Reboot message
- Changing RF channel



Parking Lot management

[Monitoring SW]

- Application menu shows existence of car information

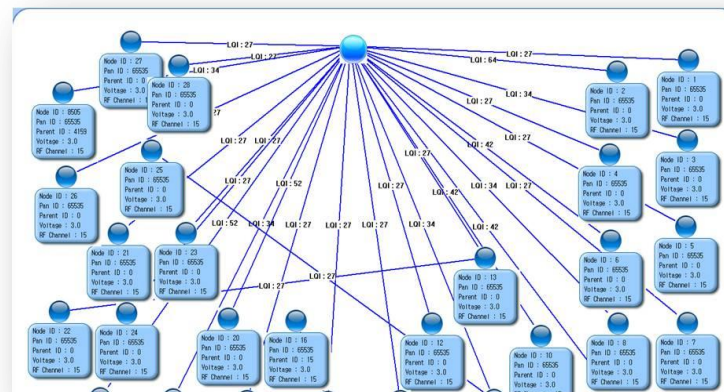


No car detected



Detecting 3 cars

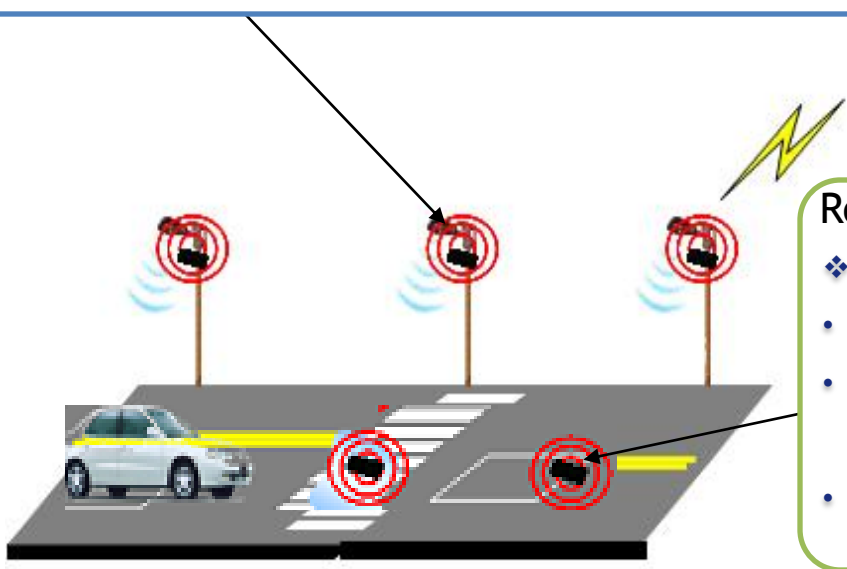
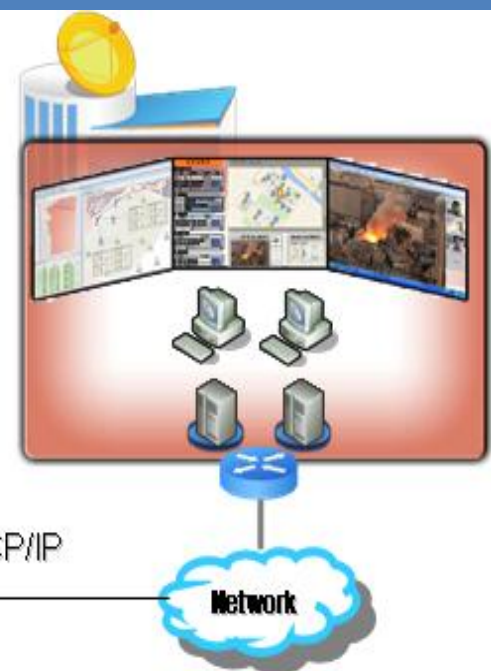
- Network menu shows route path information



Road Surface and Streetlight Management

Streetlight Management System

- ❖ Streetlight Monitoring
 - Sensor senses the state of Streetlight(ON/OFF)
 - Sensor nodes transfer the information to gateway
 - Gateway delivers gathered information to Server
- ❖ Streetlight Management
 - Management Server turns On/Off every Streetlight



Road Surface Monitoring System

- ❖ Sensing Status of Road Surface
 - Sensor senses the state of road surface
 - Sensor nodes transfer the information to gateway
 - Gateway delivers gathered information to Server



Road Surface and Streetlight Management

Scenario of Streetlight Management System

- Light sensor under a streetlight senses brightness
- The brightness implies streetlight's status
- Sensor node transfer sensing data to management server
- Management server checks brightness value for management
- Management server turns on the streetlight whose brightness value implies turning off
- Relays settled in the streetlight makes possible switching streetlight turns on/off



Light Sensor



Relay for Switching Streetlight

Road Surface and Streetlight Management



● Application Layer Performance

- Accuracy of road surface sensing data at time domain
- Accuracy of streetlight sensing data at time domain
- Reliability of received data packet(application layer)
- Reliability of command query(source routing)
- Reliability of switching streetlight On/Off
- Tolerance limit against Data Traffic

● Network Layer Performance

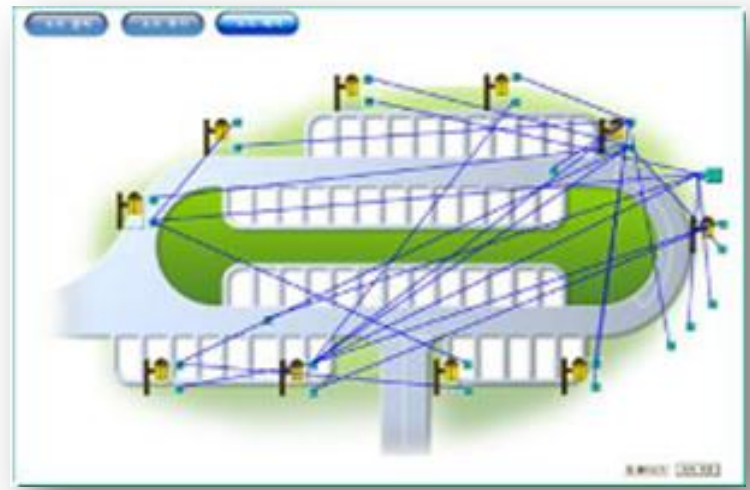
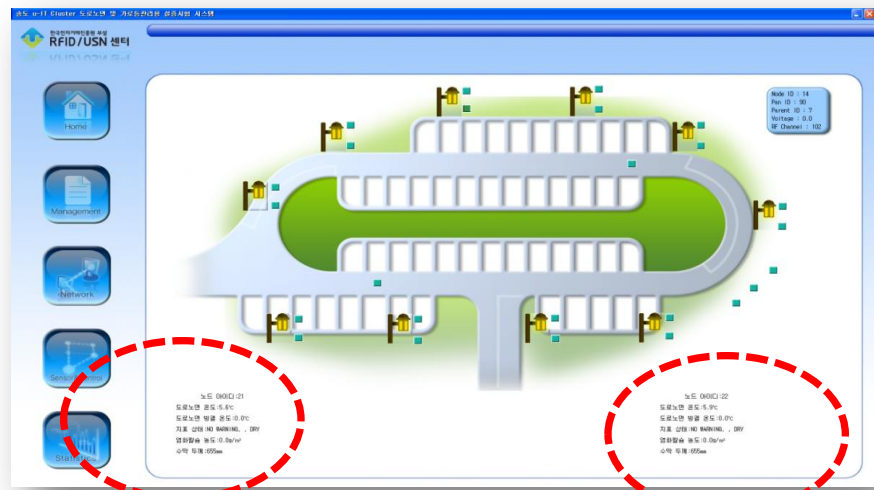
- Accuracy of received network layer packet(ex: routing packet)
- Reliability of source routing packet
- Analysis for multihop network topology
- Monitoring the cost of routing protocols
- Tolerance limit against data traffic

● Functions

- Status of LQI, battery, parent's address, route path etc
- Over-The-Air
- Command query(source routing)
- Ping message
- Reboot message
- Changing RF channel

Road Surface and Streetlight Management

Monitoring S/W

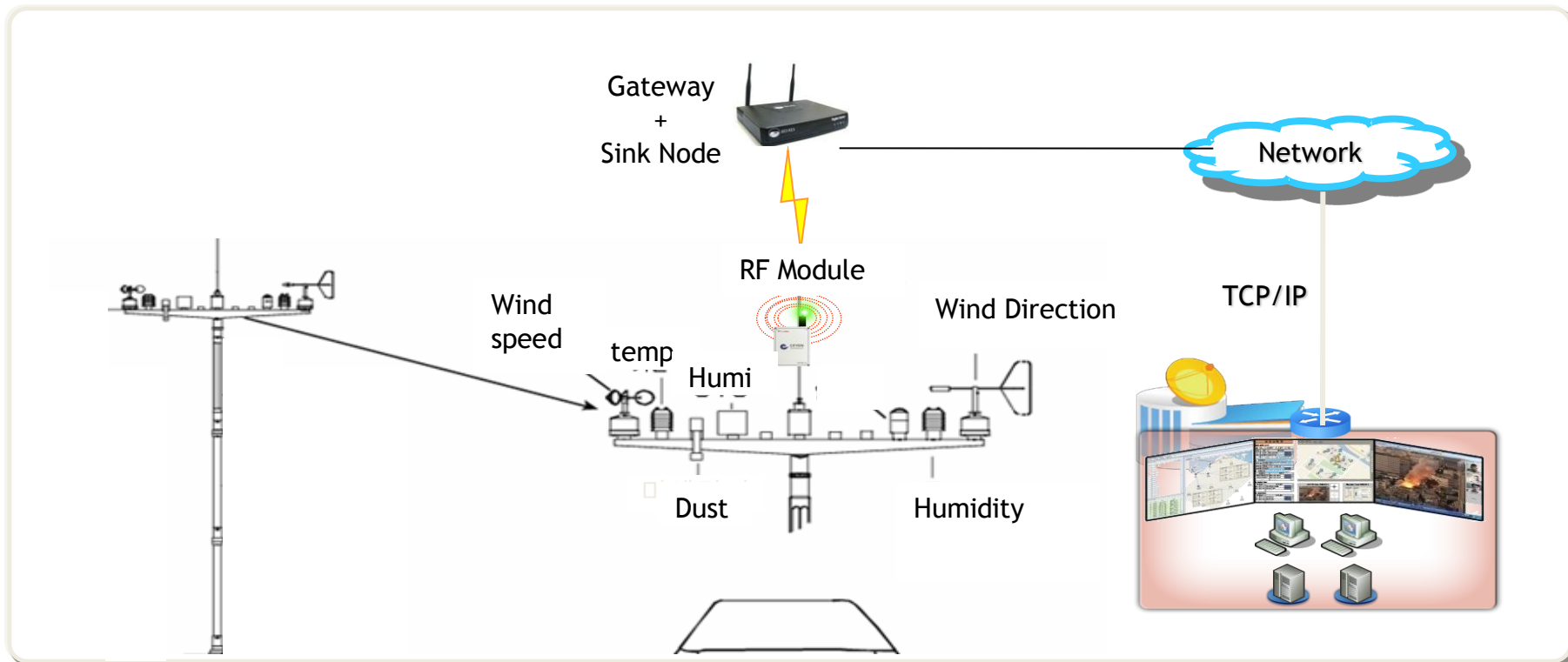


Node ID : 21
 Road Temp : 5.6°C
 Road Icing Temp : 0.0°C
 Surface : No warning, Dry
 Calcium Chloride : 0.0g/m

Node ID : 22
 Road Temp : 5.9°C
 Road Icing Temp : 0.0°C
 Surface : No warning, Dry
 Calcium Chloride : 0.0g/m

- Application menu shows road surface's wear and streetlight's On/Off status
- Management menu shows topology of Mesh Networks in Test bed

Weather & Atmosphere Monitoring System



- Weather & atmosphere monitoring system acquire temperature, dust, humidity, wind speed and wind direction information from the sensor nodes
- Developer can test their products by exchanging elements of test bed

Weather & Atmosphere Monitoring System

Actual photos of Weather & Atmosphere monitoring System



Temperature & Humidity sensor



Rainfall sensor



Wind Speed/Direction Sensor



Rainfall sensor



Pole for sensors



Case of Sensor Nodes



Case of Sensor Nodes

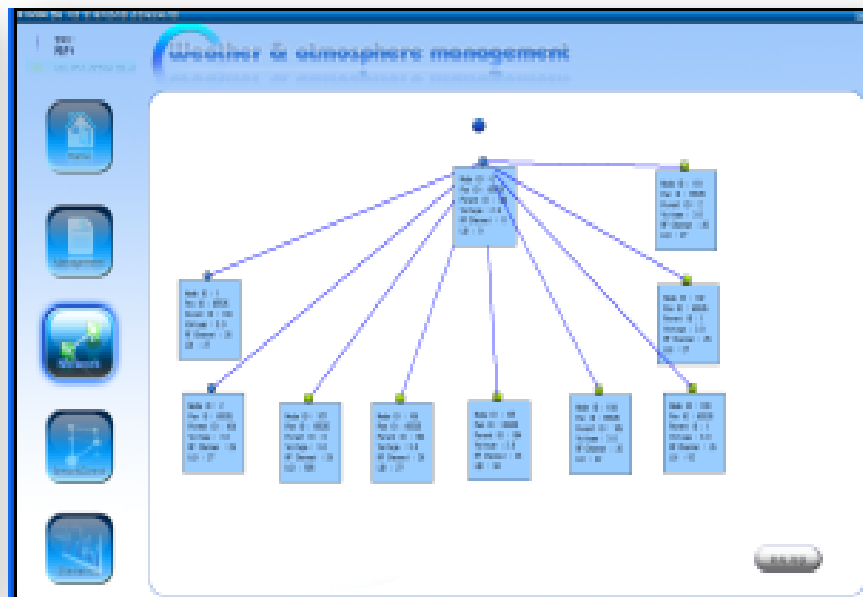
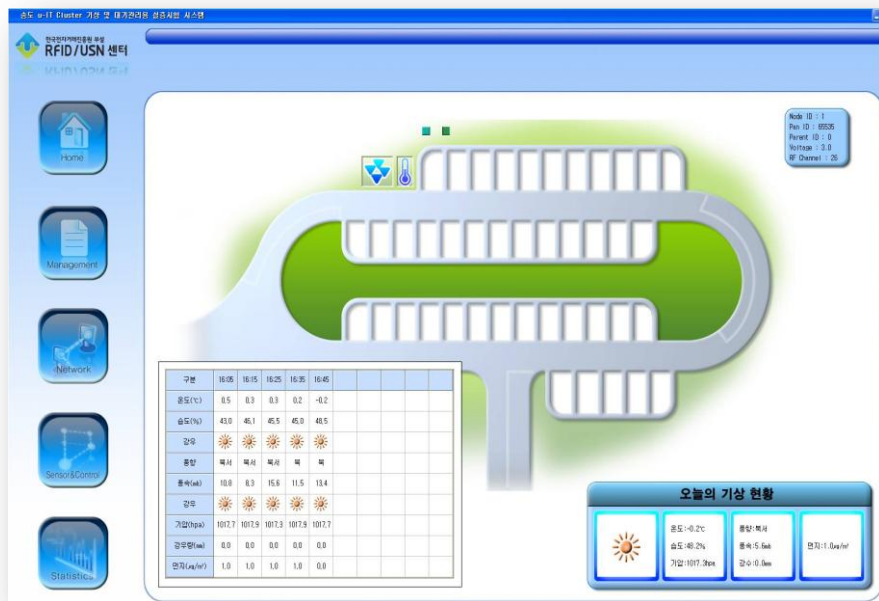
Weather & Atmosphere Monitoring System



- **Application Layer Performance**
 - Accuracy of weather & atmosphere sensing data at time domain
 - Reliability of received data packet(application layer)
 - Reliability of command query(source routing)
 - Tolerance limit against Data Traffic
- **Network Layer Performance**
 - Accuracy of received network layer packet(ex: routing packet)
 - Reliability of source routing packet
 - Analysis for multihop network topology
 - Monitoring the cost of routing protocols
 - Tolerance limit against data traffic
- **Functions**
 - Status of LQI, battery, parent's address, route path etc
 - Over-The-Air
 - Command query(source routing)
 - Ping message
 - Reboot message
 - Changing RF channel

Weather & Atmosphere Monitoring System

Monitoring S/W



- Application menu shows temperature, dust, humidity, rainfall, wind speed and wind direction status
- Network menu shows topology of route path information

Content

I. Experiments for test specification

II. USN performance test in NIPA

III. USN Testbed

IV. Demo

USN Testbed

The screenshot displays the 'RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM' interface. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options: System Overview, Testbed System, RTLS, Video, Statics, and Administrator. The main header includes the nipa logo and the text 'SONGDO RFID/USN CENTER RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM'. The date and time are shown as 2010/12/24 11:29:49.

The central part of the interface features a 3D architectural rendering of the Songdo RFID/USN Center building and its surrounding parking lot. Below this, there are several data panels:

- Parking Lot Management:** Shows 28 total parking spots and 0 parked cars.
- Weather & Air Management:** Displays real-time weather data: Rain detect (Over Vol.), Temperature (-9.1°C), Humidity (37.4%), Air Pressure (1031.4 Pa), Wind Direction (Over Vol.), Wind Speed (4.7 km/h), and Dust (14.655 mg/m3).
- Information of Road Surface Condition:** A table showing data for two nodes (21 and 22).

Node ID	Surface Temp. (°C)	Freezing Temp. (°C)	Ground Status	Calcium Chloride (g/m2)	Water Content (g/m2)
21	21.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0
22	23.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0

At the bottom of the interface, there is a footer with the nipa logo, address (11-13, Songdo-Dong, Yeosu-Gu, Incheon, Korea), phone number (82-32-720-8114), and copyright information (© 2010 RUC ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. FUUCHSTER@RUC.OR.KR).



USN Testbed



USN Testbed

The screenshot displays a web browser window with the following elements:

- Browser Title Bar:** SongDo RUC Test Bed - Parking Lot Management - Windows Internet Explorer
- Address Bar:** http://testbed.ruc.or.kr/ruc_testbed_system_parking.php
- Navigation Menu:** System Overview, Testbed System, RTLS, Video, Statics, Administrator
- Page Header:** nipa RFID/USN Center, RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM, Parking Lot Management, Date: 2010/12/24, Time: 11:31:45
- Main Content:** A 3D rendering of a parking lot with several cars parked. A small inset window shows a live camera feed from 'Camera 2' with a timestamp of 12-24-2010 Fri 10:30:25.
- Data Table:**

Node ID	Pan ID	Parent ID	Voltage(V)	RF Channel	LQI	Update Time
6	65535	65535	0	15		2010-12-17 03:17:08
- Summary:** Parking: 28, Parked: 0
- Footer:** nipa RFID/USN Center, 11-13, Songdo-Dong, Yeonsu-Gu, Incheon, Korea Tel: 82-32-720-8114, COPYRIGHT © 2010 FIUC ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. FIUCMASTER@FIUC.OH.KR

USN Testbed

The screenshot displays the 'RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM' interface for 'Street Light & Road Surface'. The page includes a navigation menu with 'System Overview', 'Testbed System', 'RTLS', 'Video', 'Statics', and 'Administrator'. The main content area features a 3D aerial view of a road and parking lot. To the right of the 3D view is a 'Light Status' table listing 10 nodes, all of which are currently 'Off'. Below the 3D view is a 'Road Surface' table with columns for Node ID, Surface Temp. (°C), Freezing Temp. (°C), Ground Status, Calcium Chloride (kg/m²), and Water Curtain (mm). A 'Camera 3' window shows a live video feed of the road. At the bottom of the interface, there is a footer with the nipa logo and contact information: '11-13, Songdo-Dong, Yeonsu-Gu, Incheon, Korea Tel: 82-32-720-8114'.

Node ID	On / Off
1	Off
2	Off
3	Off
4	Off
5	Off
6	Off
7	Off
8	Off
9	Off
10	Off

Node ID	Surface Temp. (°C)	Freezing Temp. (°C)	Ground Status	Calcium Chloride (kg/m ²)	Water Curtain (mm)
21	26.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0
22	34.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0



USN Testbed

System Overview Testbed System RTL5 Video Statics Administrator

RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM

Weather & Air Management

Date_ 2010/12/24 Time_ 11:41:16

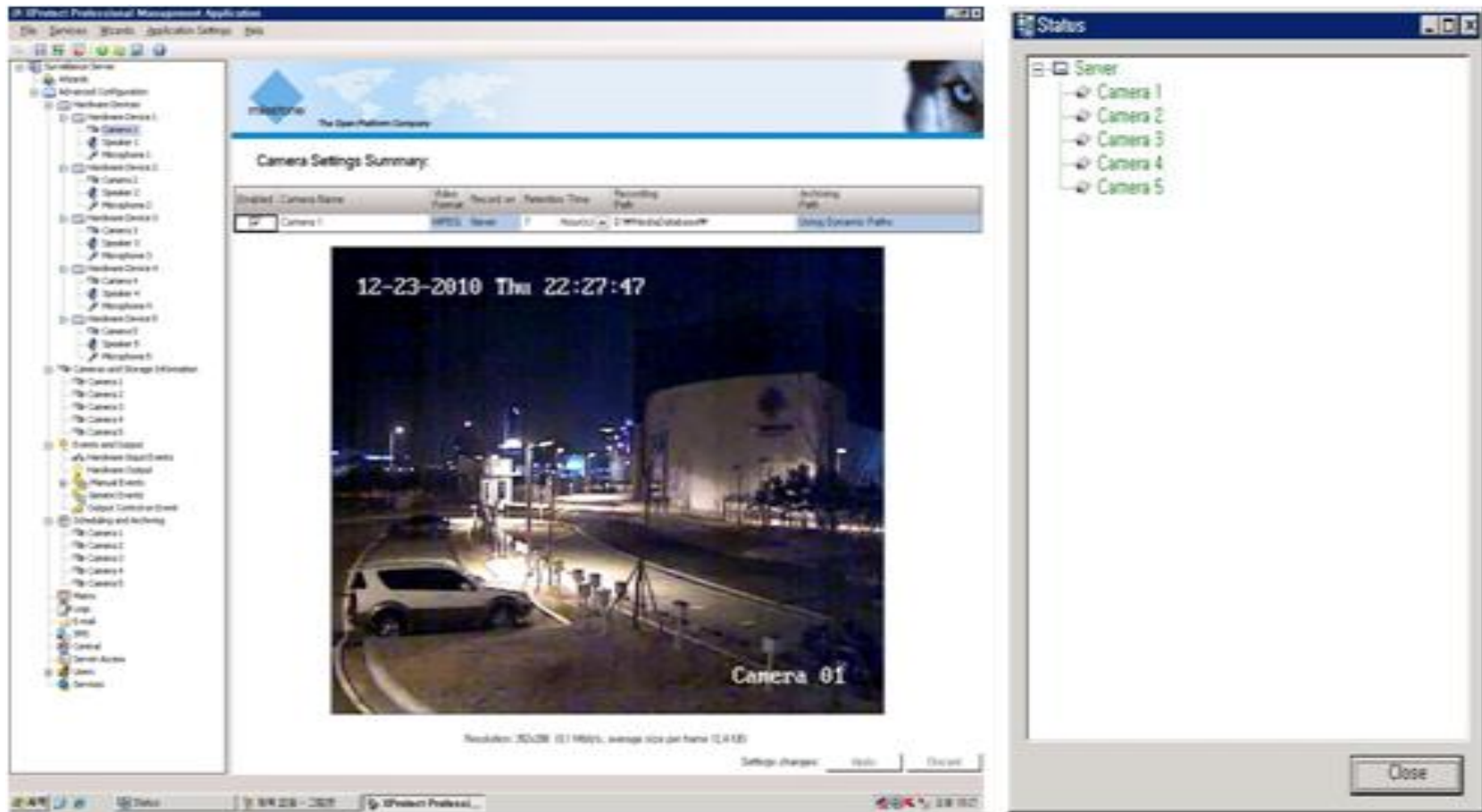
Weather & Air	
Temperature(°C)	-9.0
Humidity(%)	35.1
Rain detect	Over Vol.
Wind Direction	Over Vol.
Wind Speed(m/s)	5.3
Air Pressure(hpa)	1032.0
Rain Fall(mm)	0.0
Dust(mg/m3)	15.632

Weather Testbed System						
Rain detect	Temperature (°C)	Humidity (%)	Air Pressure (hpa)	Wind Direction	Wind Speed (m/s)	Dust (mg/m3)
Over Vol.	-9.0	35.1	1032.0	Over Vol.	5.3	15.632

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USN Testbed



USN Testbed



USN Testbed

The screenshot displays the USN Testbed web interface. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options: System Overview, Testbed System, RTLS, Video, Statics, and Administrator. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Network Topology:** A diagram showing a network of nodes (1-22) and a base station (100) connected in a mesh-like structure.
- Light Status:** A table showing the status of 10 nodes.
- Road Surface:** A table showing sensor data for two nodes (21 and 22).

Node ID	On / Off
1	Off
2	Off
3	Off
4	Off
5	Off
6	Off
7	Off
8	Off
9	Off
10	Off

Node ID	Surface Temp. (°C)	Freezing Temp. (°C)	Ground Status	Calcium Chloride (g/m ²)	Water Curtain (mm)
21	27.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0
22	34.0	0.0	CLEAR	0.0	0

USN Testbed

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the 'SongDo RUC Test Bed System - Statics' page. The browser address bar shows the URL 'http://testbed.ruc.or.kr/statics_graph_weather.php'. The page header includes the 'nipa RFID/USN Center' logo and navigation tabs for 'System Overview', 'Testbed System', 'RTLS', 'Video', 'Statics', and 'Administrator'. The main content area features the 'SONGDO RFID/USN CENTER RUC WEB MONITORING SYSTEM' logo and a search interface.

Search Condition

- Select Node: Node 1
- Sensor Type: Temperature
- Start Date: 2010 Year 12 Month 24 Day 11 Hour 41 Minute
- End Date: 2010 Year 12 Month 24 Day 11 Hour 51 Minute
- Buttons: Search, Cancel
- Simple Search: Last 1 Day, Last 1 Hour, Last 10 Min., Last 1 Min.

Result

A line graph titled '1 Node's Temperature' showing temperature fluctuations. The Y-axis is labeled 'Y=Temperature' and ranges from -8.55 to -8.90. The graph shows a peak at approximately -8.60 and a trough at approximately -8.88.



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