



Aspects of Standardization and Development of RFID technologies (Example of Projects on implementation of this technology in the Republic of Korea)

Workshop

IMPLEMENTATION EXPERIENCE OF NETWORK PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS CONTROL SYSTEMS AND GRANTING REQUIRED LEVEL OF SERVICES QUALITY ON THE OPERATOR NETWORK
S. SENSOR NETWORKS – AS OPTIMIZATION TOOL FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC FLOW

Content

I. Strategy for USN & RFID Industry

II. Survey for USN & RFID

III. Near Field Communication(NFC)

Questions ?

WiMAX

What is the common characteristics of Successful Technology?

Wi-Fi

LTE

How to Wi-Fi(or wLAN) success?

Infrastructure

Internet

- Internet, Infrastructure for Wi-Fi, is widely spread in the world

Technology

Convenience

- Wi-Fi provides convenience for accessing to Internet



- Infrastructure gives technology powerful market & consumer
- Technology can not survive only with technical advantage in the market(ex: Wibro)
- In contrast, powerful infrastructure can solve technical problems reported at the beginning stage(ex: NFC)

However, USN & RFID technology

Infrastructure

Delicate Infra

- Limited existence market
- Limited cooperation with previous technology(ex: Internet)



Technology

Not enough to apply

- Poor & limited performance compared to other technology

- Needs powerful infrastructure to make its own market
- Infrastructure can be divided into 2 aspects
 - Infrastructure of its own network or facilities
 - Infrastructure which makes USN & RFID technology merged with other business(ex: Smartphone based Services)

Strategy to motivate USN & RFID Industry

- **1st stage : Widespread of USN & RFID Infrastructure of its own network of facilities**
- **2nd stage : Implementation of basic environment for merging USN & RFID with other business**
- **3rd stage : Qualify its conformance, performance for USN & RFID**

Strategy to motivate USN-RFID Industry

- **1st stage : Widespread of USN & RFID Infrastructure of its own network of facilities**
 - **Korean Government implemented various projects in order to promote USN & RFID business**
 - **Pilot testbed for smart grid in jeju island**
 - **Public bike for entire nation**
 - **Ubiquitous City management system for 10 cities**
 - **Harbor Distribution System**
 - **RTLS for searching of missing child**

Strategy to motivate USN & RFID Industry

- **2nd stage : Implementation of basic environment for merging USN & RFID with other business**
 - **USN & RFID system operate as a stand alone system, generally**
 - **Standardization for interworking between USN & RFID and other network will extend market**

Strategy to motivate USN & RFID Industry

- **3rd stage : Qualify its conformance, performance for USN & RFID**
 - **Verification & Certification for USN & RFID will increase quality of products**
 - **Customer's demands will be increased as well as growth of reliability, stability, performance, etc**

Content

I. Strategy for USN & RFID Industry

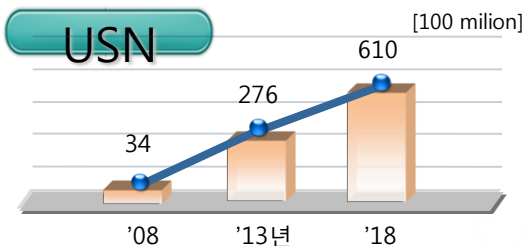
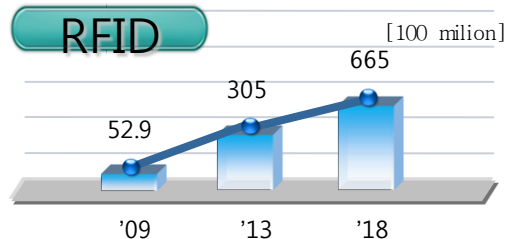
II. Survey for USN & RFID

III. Near Field Communication(NFC)

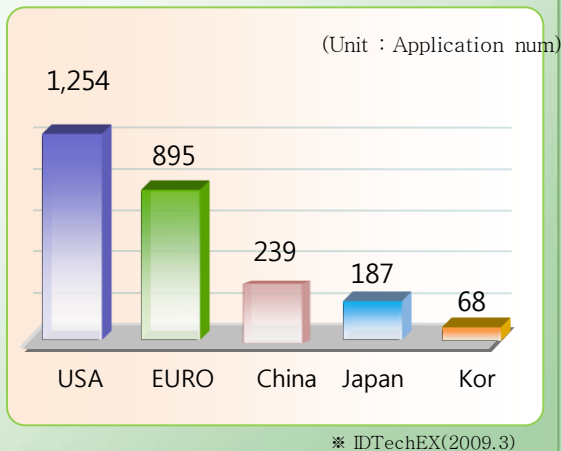
Trend of USN & RFID

☛ Total Budget 8.6 million Dollar('08)

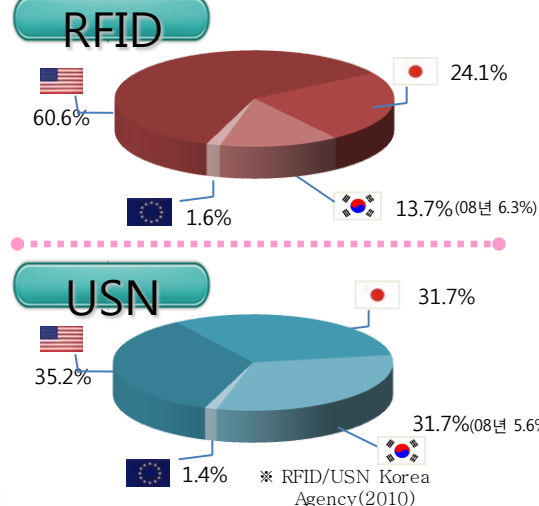
Budget of World



RFID Applications



Status of IRP



USN-RFID Industry growth will be increased rapidly

Goal of USN & RFID

RFID/USN World No.3

1st Step ('08~'12)

- World Market : 14%
- 33 million dollar
- employment(32,000)

Market Creation

- Spread of demand
- Demand for B2C
- Compatible with other Projects
- Support for small size company
- Increase of infra

2nd Step ('13~'18)

- World Market 20%
- 211 million dollar
- employment(114,000)

Standardization

- High Quality of Service
- Standardization of RFID/USN for Infra

3rd Step ('18~)

- World Market 25%
- 318 million dollar
- employment (214,000)

Test

- Development of Test method
- Support Real Field Test bed for verification

USN-RFID Projects

2011

Division	Title	Institution
All Agency	Liquor Distribution Management System	Nation Tax Service
Harbor Distribution Agency	Medicine Distribution Management System for Pharmaceutical System	Hanmi
	u-SCM and registered trademark	Schoolooks
	Global out-sourcing for RFID	The Basic House
Part Distribution Agency	RFID Collaborative Production -SCM Implementation	HiTek
	U-SCM for semiconductor	Emco



USN-RFID Projects

2011

Division	Title	Institution
Extended project	u-SCM for Steal management	POSCO
	Medicine Distribution Management System for Pharmaceutical System	ILDONG
	Medicine Distribution Management System for Pharmaceutical System	UNI
	u-SCM for clothing	D&D
Verified project	Dynamic RTLS system for Harbor Container localization	CJ-GLS
	Smart Green Home for Advanced Metering	Ministry of National Territory

Content

- I. Strategy for USN & RFID Industry**
- II. USN & RFID projects in Korea**
- III. Near Field Communication(NFC)**

NFC

◆ Overview

- Communication between electronic devices
- Published by Philips & Sony
- Easy to control & including Security & short range of communication
- Using 13.56MHz frequency
- Very cheap price for implementation
- Mobile

◆ NFC vs other technology

	NFC	RFID	IrDa	Bluetooth
Set-up time	<0.1ms	<0.1ms	~0.5s	~6 sec
Range	Up to 10cm	Up to 3m	Up to 5m	Up to 30m
Usability	Human centric Easy, intuitive, fast	Item centric Easy	Data centric Easy	Data centric Medium
Selectivity	High, given, security	Partly given	Line of sight	Who are you?
Use cases	Pay, get access, share, initiate service, easy set up	Item tracking	Control & exchange data	Network for data exchange, headset
Consumer experience	Touch, wave, simply connect	Get information	Easy	Configuration needed



NFC

◆ Characteristics

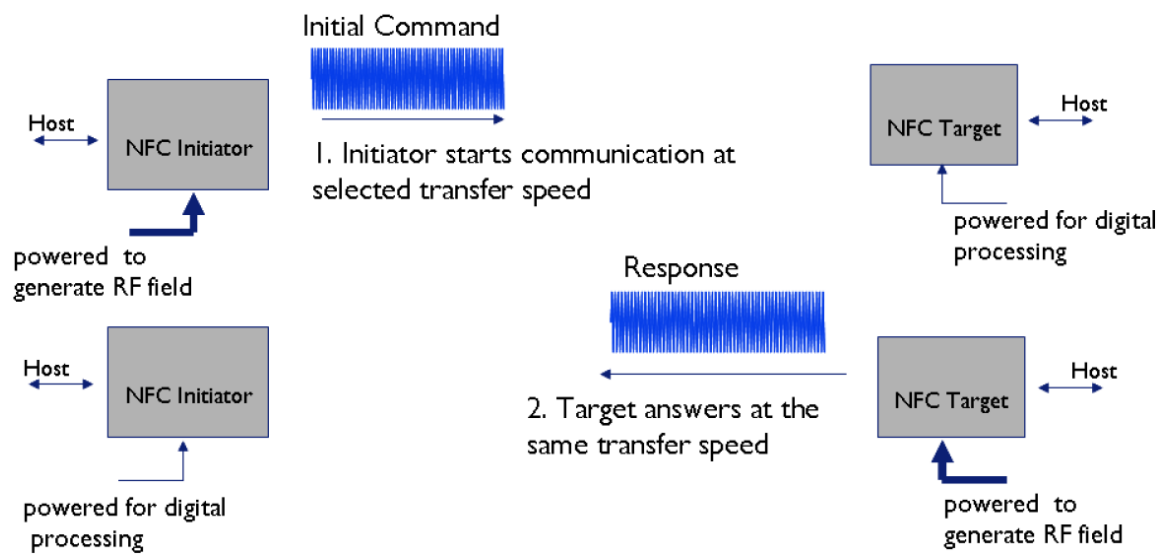
- Short range communication
 - Association & communication only occur when they are almost attached
- Non-battery mode
 - Usually operates with battery power
 - If device become target, then it can be supplied by host's magnetic power
- Data rate
 - 106kbps ~ 424kbps
- Previous Infra business
 - Transit card and Electronic payment system
- Security

◆ Differences with HF RFID

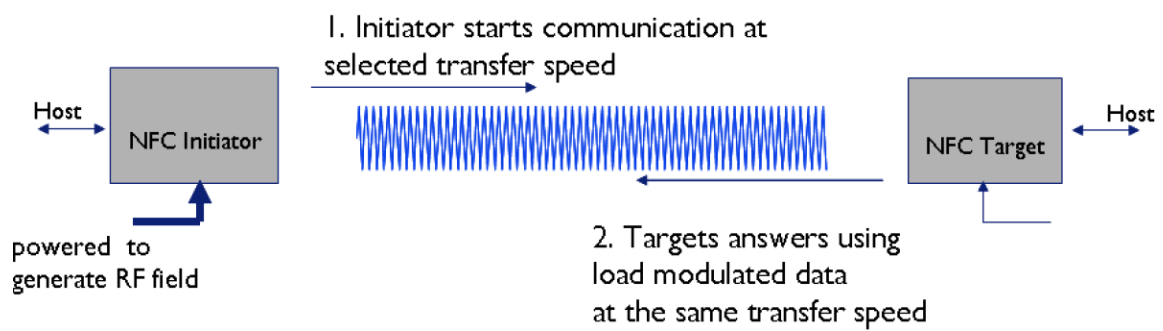
- Active mode
- Peer-to-Peer

NFC

◆ Active mode



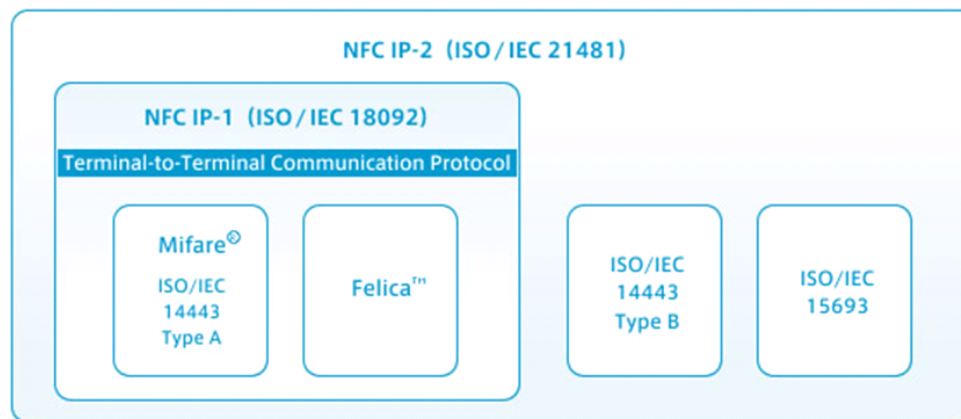
◆ Passive mode



NFC

- **Standard**

- Standardized from ISO/IEC, ECMA, ETSI, ITU, NFC Forum
 - ECMA 340 : DEC, 2002 -> ISO/IEC 18092(NFCIP-1) : DEC, 2003
 - ECMA 352 : DEC, 2003 -> ISO/IEC 21481(NFCIP-2) : JAN, 2005
- NFC Standard Diagram



Standard

Mifare®
(ISO/IEC 14443 Type A)

ISO/IEC 14443 Type B

FeliCa™

ISO/IEC 15693

Example of use

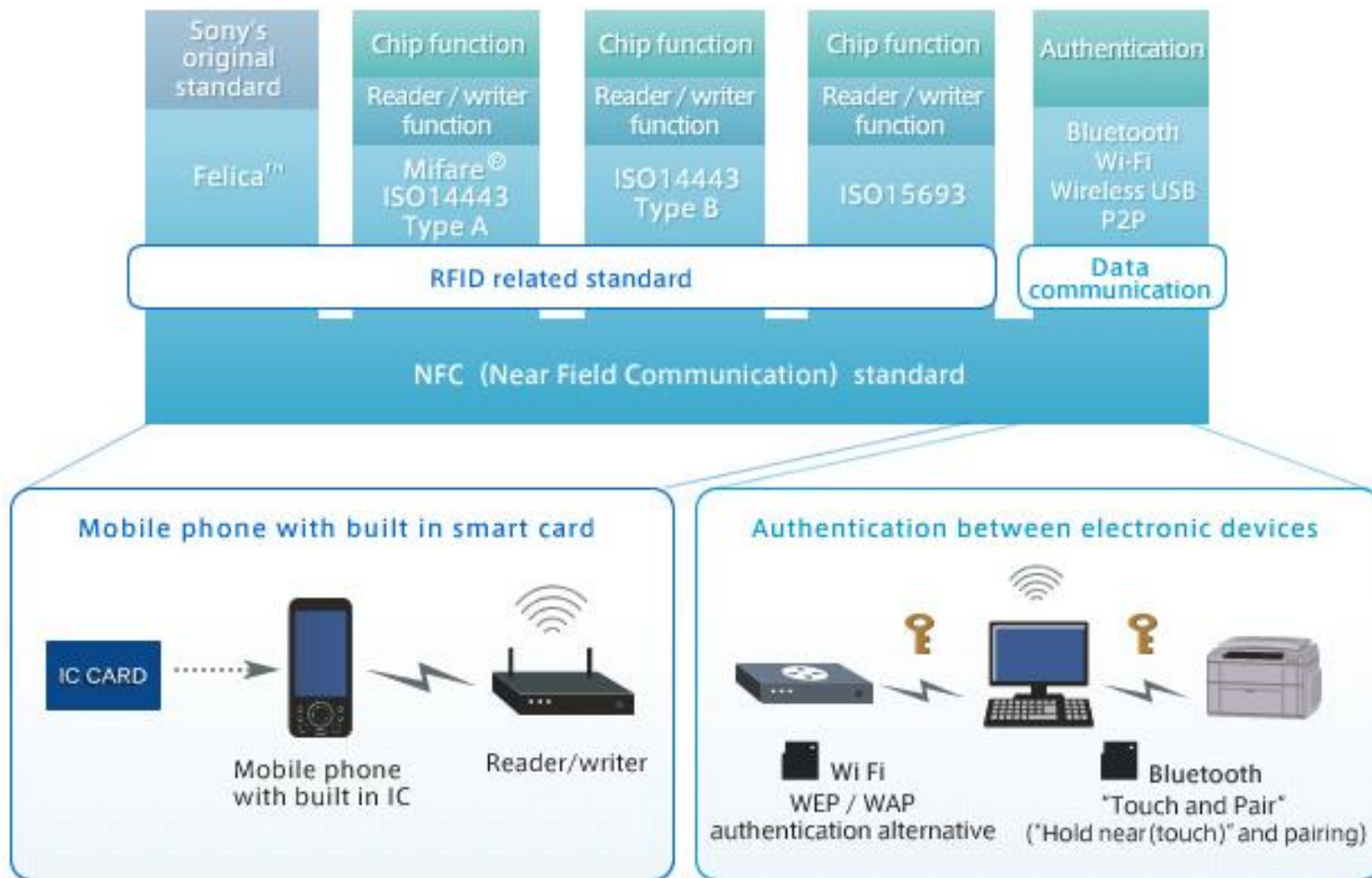
IC telephone cards, cigarette cards and other broad range of use in Europe.

employee ID, student ID, etc.

Transport related cards and e-money in Japan such as Suica, Edy, PASMO, ICOCA, "Osai-fu-Keitai" (smart mobile wallet)

RFID tag for logistics, retailing etc.

NFC



NFC

- Mobile payment



NFC

- Outdoor Media



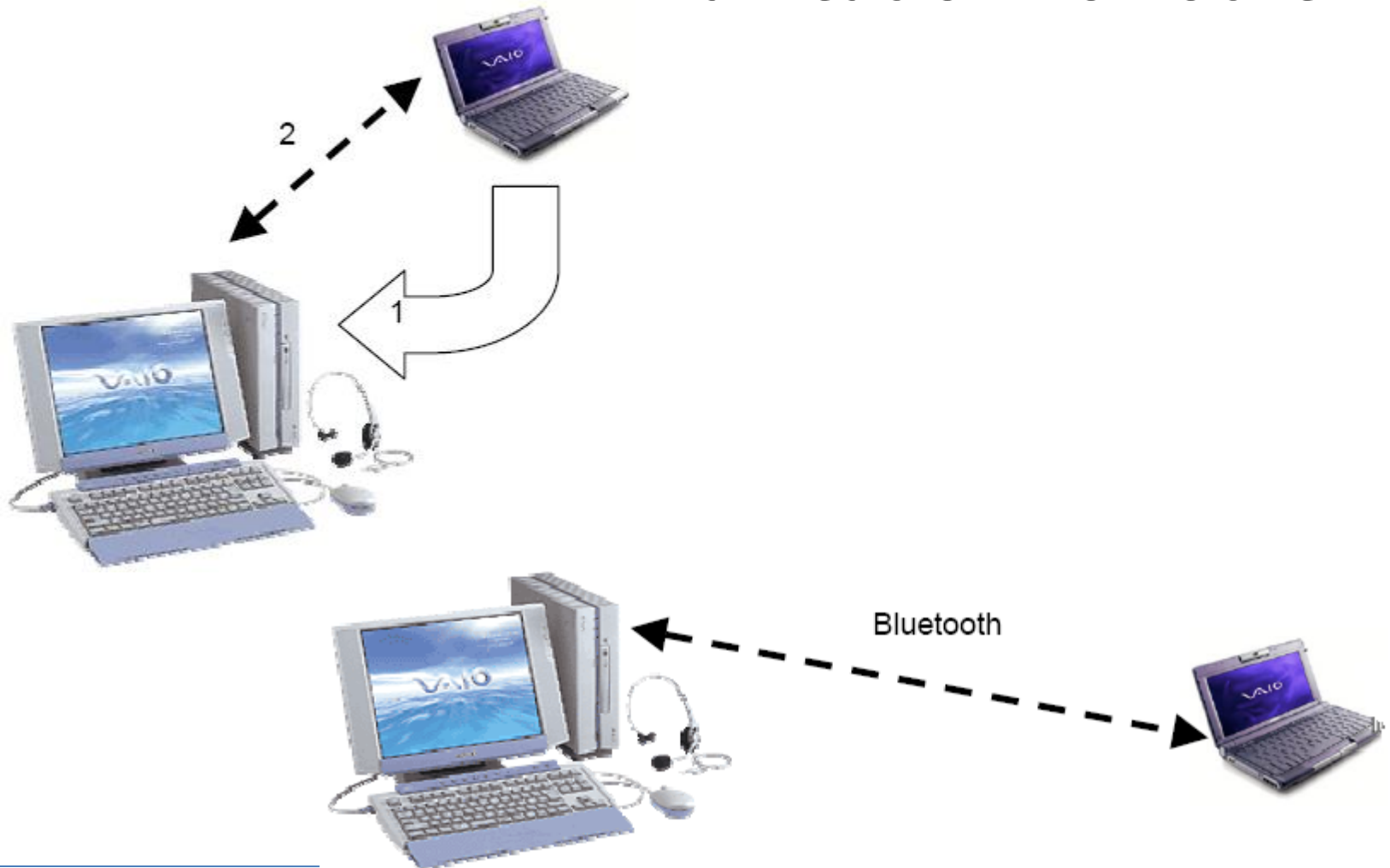
NFC

- Peer-to-Peer Communication



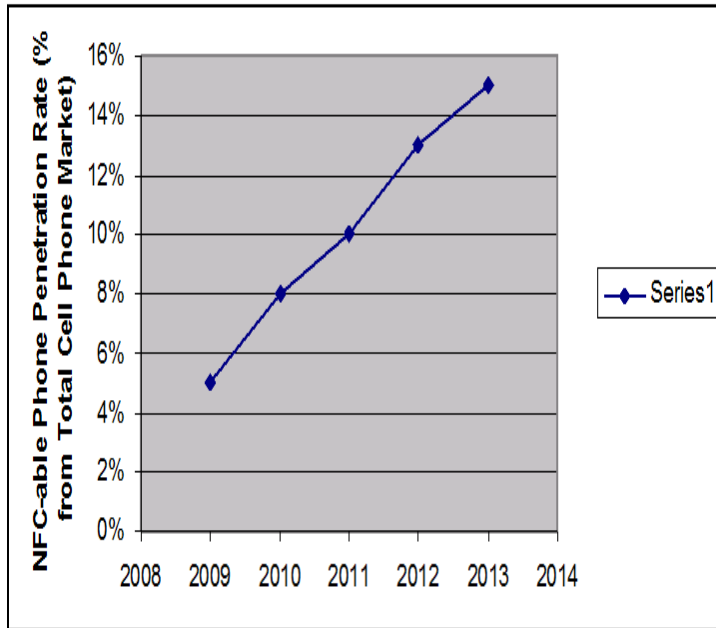
NFC

- Set up of communication for other

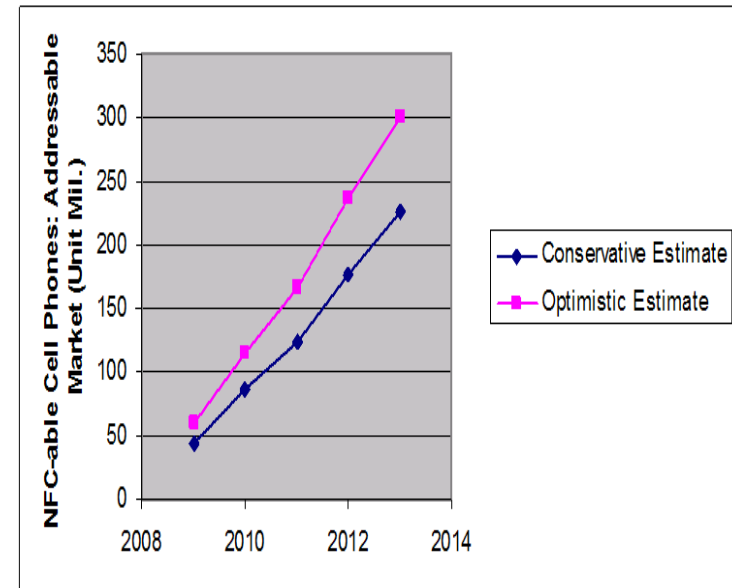


NFC

- NFC Market Trend



2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
5%	8%	10%	13%	15%



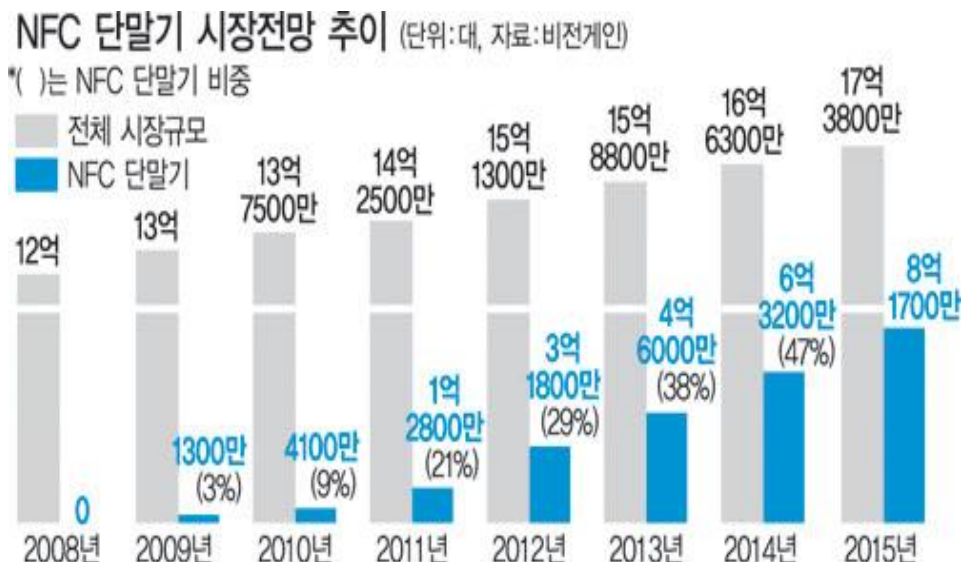
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
45	86	124	178	225
60	115	166	237	301

※ UWB and NearFieldCommunicationsPerfectTogether,Practel,Inc,Jan-09

NFC

- NFC Market Trend

- Visiongain(England) says amount of electronic payment with NFC mobile device reach to 145 billion dollar and NFC mobile device will occupy 47% of mobile phone market
- IE Market Research(IEMR) says mobile payment market will increase at 2014 and NFC will occupy 47% of this market



Contacts

Name : Ryu, Hanjong

Position : Senior Engineer of NIPA RFID/USN Center

tel: +82-32-720-8296

mob: +82-10-9729-5155

fax: +82-10-720-8301

E-mail: hjryu@nipa.kr

Company address