

Digital Bridges Symposium Busan, Korea 10-11 September 2004

ICT Usage Indicators
Data collection and Dissemination
Hong Kong, China Case Study

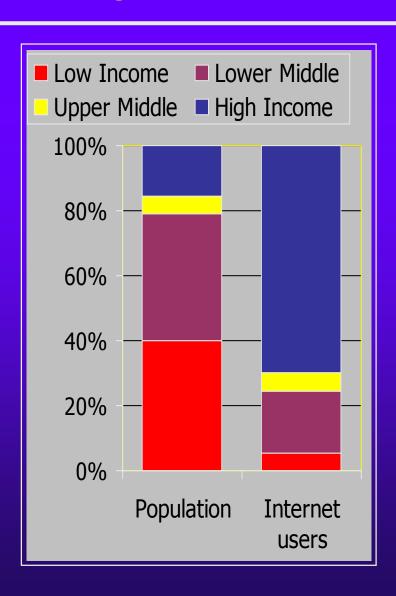
Ms. Esperanza Magpantay
(magpantay@itu.int)
Market, Economics and Finance Unit
Telecommunication Development Bureau

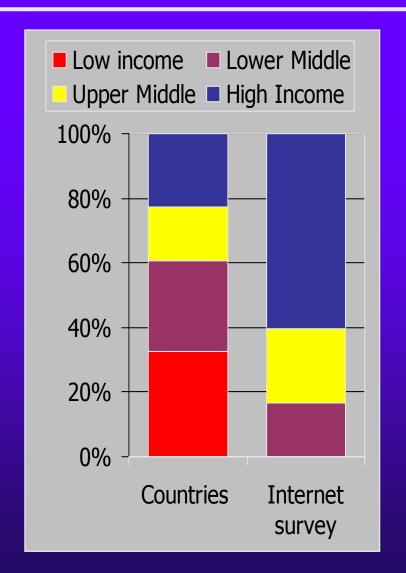


The digital divide and the statistical divide (KADO









Source: ITU, 2003.



Digital 21 Strategy Sustainability and Opportunities





♦ First set out in 1998

- Focus to enhance and promote Hong Kong's information infrastructure and services so as to make Hong Kong a leading digital city in the globally connected world of the 21st century.
- Updated in 2001 and then 2004
 - Actions in the 8 main areas:
 - Government leadership, sustainable e-government programme, infrastructure and business environment, institutional review, technological development, vibrant IT industry, human resources in a knowledge economy, bridging the digital divide



Purpose of the Surveys





- 1. To assess the progress of utilizing
 Information Technology (IT) in various
 aspects within different sectors in Hong
 Kong.
- 2. To identify focal areas to promote IT and serve a useful reference for developing IT strategy in Hong Kong.



Who's responsible





Office of the Government Chief Information Officer (OGCIO)

- Policy and strategy advisor on IT matters
- Coordinator and executive arm on IT matters
- ❖Initiates revisiting of the survey questionnaire, work with C&SD
- Coordinates with subject matter specialists to identify changes of survey questions
- Comments on reports/press releases prepared by C&SD

Census and Statistics Department (C&SD), national statistics office

- ❖Initiates revisiting of the survey questionnaire, work with OGCIO
- Conducts or commissions the surveys
- Data collection, processing and analysis of data collected
- Forwards draft report/press releases to OGCIO for comments
- Produces the final reports and issues press release on summary survey findings

Office of Telecommunications Authority (OFTA)

- ❖Telecommunication Regulator
- Collects data from operators
- Regularly publishes telecom data
- Provides data to ITU



Available surveys





- 1. Thematic Household Survey (Household survey)
- 2. Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business sector (Establishment survey)
- 3. ICT availability in education and government agencies are collected by Education and Manpower Bureau and OGCIO, results provided to C&SD for publication

Households and Business surveys

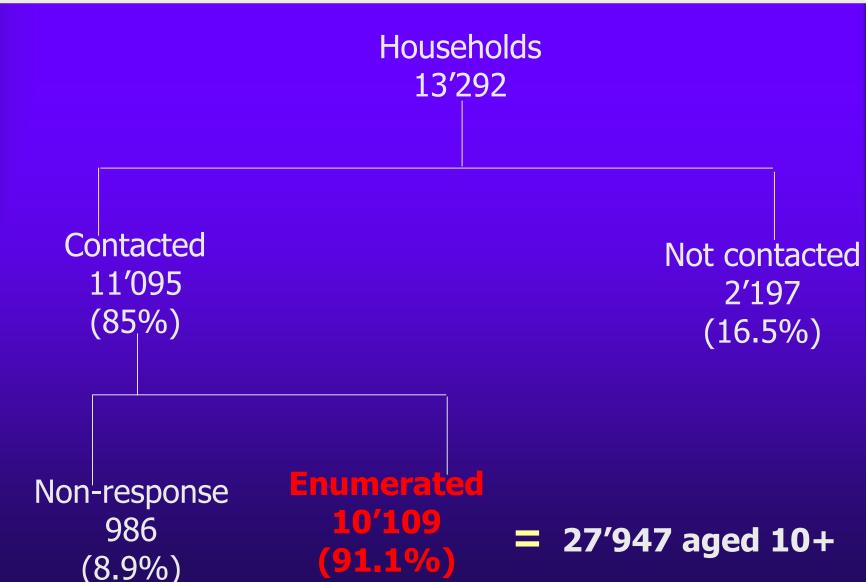
- Started in 2000, conducted annually
- In 2004, funded by OGCIO, 5th round of surveys conducted between May to August
- 2004 results to be released on December 2004
- Results used by OGCIO, CITB, international orgs, other government departments



Household Survey – Enumeration (2003) (KADO









Household - Survey methods





Respondents: (Face to face interview)

- Household head or knowledgeable person
 - Asked if there were any PC in the household, how many and if connected to Internet
 - Information Technology Security
- All persons aged 10+
 - Knowledge of using PC and Chinese input methods
 - Usage of PC and Internet during the 12 months before enumeration
 - Information Technology Security
- All persons aged 15+
 - Usage of electronic business and online government services during the 12 months before enumeration



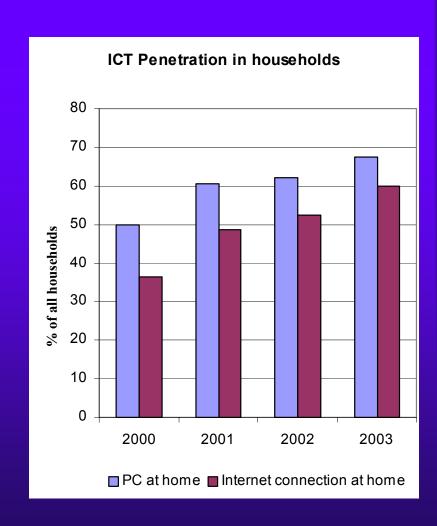
Households





% of households:

- 1. with PC
- 2. with Internet
 - a. among all HH with PC
 - b. among all households
- which had installed anti-virus software
- 4. which had set password for access to the PC





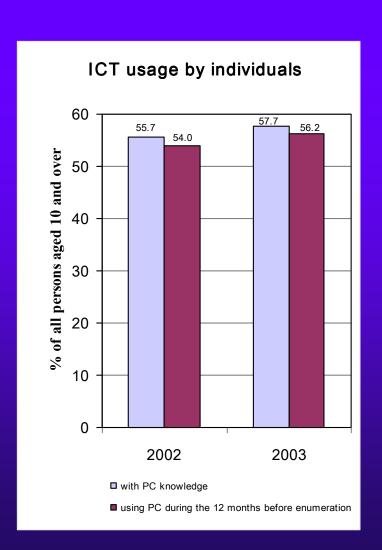
Individuals - % of persons aged 10+:





1. who had knowledge using PC

- By Age
- Sex
- Educational Attainment
- Economic Activity status
- who had knowledge using Chinese input methods (by type)
- 3. who had used PC
 - Purpose
 - Location
 - Average time spent in using PC per week
- 4. who had used Internet
 - Type of web device used
 - Purpose
 - Location
 - Average time spent in using Internet service per week
- 5. who had set password for access to computer files
- 6. who had encrypted computer files





Individuals - e-Business Usage





% of persons aged 15+

- 1. who had used electronic business service
- 2. who had performed electronic commerce transaction online
 - Type of services
 - Age
 - Sex
 - Educational Attainment
 - Economic Activity status
- 3. who had used online purchasing
 - By types of products/services purchased
 - Median amount spent purchasing services online
- 4. had digital certificate
- 5. who were aware of Electronic Service Delivery
- 6. who had used online Government services



Other Internet user survey





City University of Hong Kong
 Member of Asia Pacific Internet
 Research Alliance (APIRA)

Internet Usage Survey:

- Funded by University Grants Committee
- Surveys from 2000-2004
- ➤ 1000-1500 independent sample of Chinese speaking adults aged 18-74
- Independent from surveys of C&SD
- Results are used for academic research purposes
- Harmonization of survey questionnaire with other universities and research institutions (China, Taiwan, Macao and Korea) for 2004 survey

Indicators - Internet usage by:

- By age (18-19, 30-49, 50-74)
- ♦ By sex
 - (Male, Female)
- By type of technology (Broadband, dial-up, WAP/GPRS)
- Online activities

 (entertainment, games, news, chat, email, personal info, work info)
- Barriers for not using Internet
 - (lack of: time, facilities, skills)



Establishment Survey – Enumeration (2003) (KADO





Establishments 4'742

3'493 (73.7%) No response 131 (2.8%)

Inactive 1'118 (23.6%)



Establishment Survey - Sectors covered (KADO





- Manufacturing
- Electricity and gas
- Construction
- Wholesale, retail and import/exports trades, restaurants and hotels
- Transport, storage and communications
- ♦ Financing, insurance, real estate and business services
- Community, social and personal services



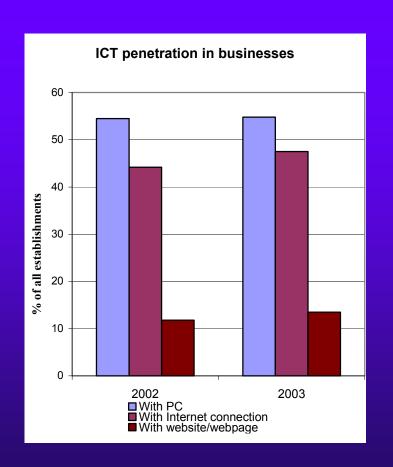
Establishment survey





% of establishments:

- 1. who use PCs
- 2. who have Internet connection
- 3. who have website
- 4. Had *ordered or purchased* goods or services through electronic means
- 5. Had *sold* goods or services through electronic means
- 6. Had *received* goods or services through electronic means
- 7. Had *delivered* goods or services through electronic means
- 8. Had suffered from computer attacks
- Broken down by:
 - Industry
 - Employment size





Office of Telecommunications Authority (OFTA)





♦ Key telecommunications statistics compiled by OFTA:

- Key Telecommunications Statistics
- Wireless Service
- Wireline Service
- Statistics on Number Portings among Local Fixed Telecommunications Network Service Operators
- External Telecommunications Traffic
- Capacity of External Telecommunications Facilities
- Traffic Statistics Reporting Requirements for External Telecommunications Services
- Internet Service
- SMATV
- Enforcement Figures
- Public Payphone Register
- http://www.ofta.gov.hk



Use of Index





Digital Access Index (DAI) - ITU

*E-readiness - Economist Intelligence Unit

❖ E-government – Accenture



Conclusions





- Collaboration and coordination among ICT policy makers and national statistics office ensure required data are collected, through official surveys
- Surveys should be carried out, coordinated and disseminated by national statistics office
- International comparability of data can be achieved by using existing model surveys
- ◆ Timely and transparent data should be made available
- Well presented survey results can help analysis of specific problem areas



Thank you for your attention.

magpantay@itu.int