

Global Indicators Workshop

"Estimating Demand for Community Access Points"

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Focus of Presentation

- SANGONeT and CINSA
- Environmental Scan
- Bridges.org 12 Access Criteria
- South African Experience
- Lessons Learned





SANGONeT and CINSA

- SANGONeT established in 1987
- Non-profit organisation involved in ICT issues
- Provides ICT services to Southern African civil society organisations
- Operational focus technical, training, information, and policy and advocacy
- CINSA pilot project to support community
 ICT initiatives in Southern Africa





Environmental Scan

- ITU Digital Access Index 2002
- = 178 economies / Seychelles (52), Mauritius (62), SA (78)
- Socio / Economic / Political Contexts
- Digital divide / urban-rural divide
- Fragmented ICT policy
- Cost of ICTs / telecommunications
- Regulatory environment / lack of competition
- Universal service / universal access
- Physical access = Effective use





Real Access to ICTs

"Providing access to technology is critical, but it must be more than physical access. Computers and connections are insufficient if the technology is not used effectively because it is not affordable; if people do not understand how to put it to use of if they are discouraged from using it; or if the local economy can't sustain its use."

Real Access – access that goes beyond just physical access and makes it possible for people to use technology effectively to improve their lives.





Bridges.org – 12 Access Criteria

- Physical access universal access criteria and statistics
- Appropriate technology introduction of mobile technology, etc.
- Affordability cost of technology in developing countries
- Capacity use, application and local empowerment
- Relevant content relevance to users circumstances
- Integration linkage with day-to-day reality / not add-on
- Socio-cultural factors response to socio-political issues
- Trust use of technology / privacy, security, etc.
- Legal and regulatory framework government vision and focus
- Local economic development local sustainability
- Macro-economic environment focus on national priorities
- Political will commitment to the future





South African Experience

- Telcoms universal service obligations
- Universal Services Agency (USA) 85 telecentres in rural areas universal access to ICTs for communities in un-served areas (areas with no access to telecommunications) and under-serviced areas (areas with low levels of telecommunication access)
- Universal Service Area Licenses 29 areas with less than 5% teledensity (4 licenses issued)
- Multi-Purpose Community Centres (MPCCs)
- PITs
- SchoolNet / Gauteng Online / e-Rate / 200 cyberlabs (USA)
- Libraries / schools / community centres
- ICT BEE Empowerment Charter





Universal Access and Services

- Promote economic growth and development
- Consolidate democracy and human rights
- Increase capacity of people to participate in governance
- Serve as a catalyst and support to local economic initiatives
- = Beyond basic access / access to advanced services such as the Internet





Lessons Learned

- CINSA funding, skills, technology, community issues, political support
- Telecentres mixed results
- Integration limited
- Vision alignment with national priorities
- Policy environment / deregulation / cost
- Awareness-Raising





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Thank you

