

NGN in The Netherlands: the market and regulation
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Business case of NGN is not proven yet;

**Legacy regulation has high impact on business
case**

It should not be automatically extended to NGN

Market developments

Dynamic market situation

18% Mobile-only households

75% Broadband penetration

High VoIP penetration

The Netherlands is 'competition champion' of Europe

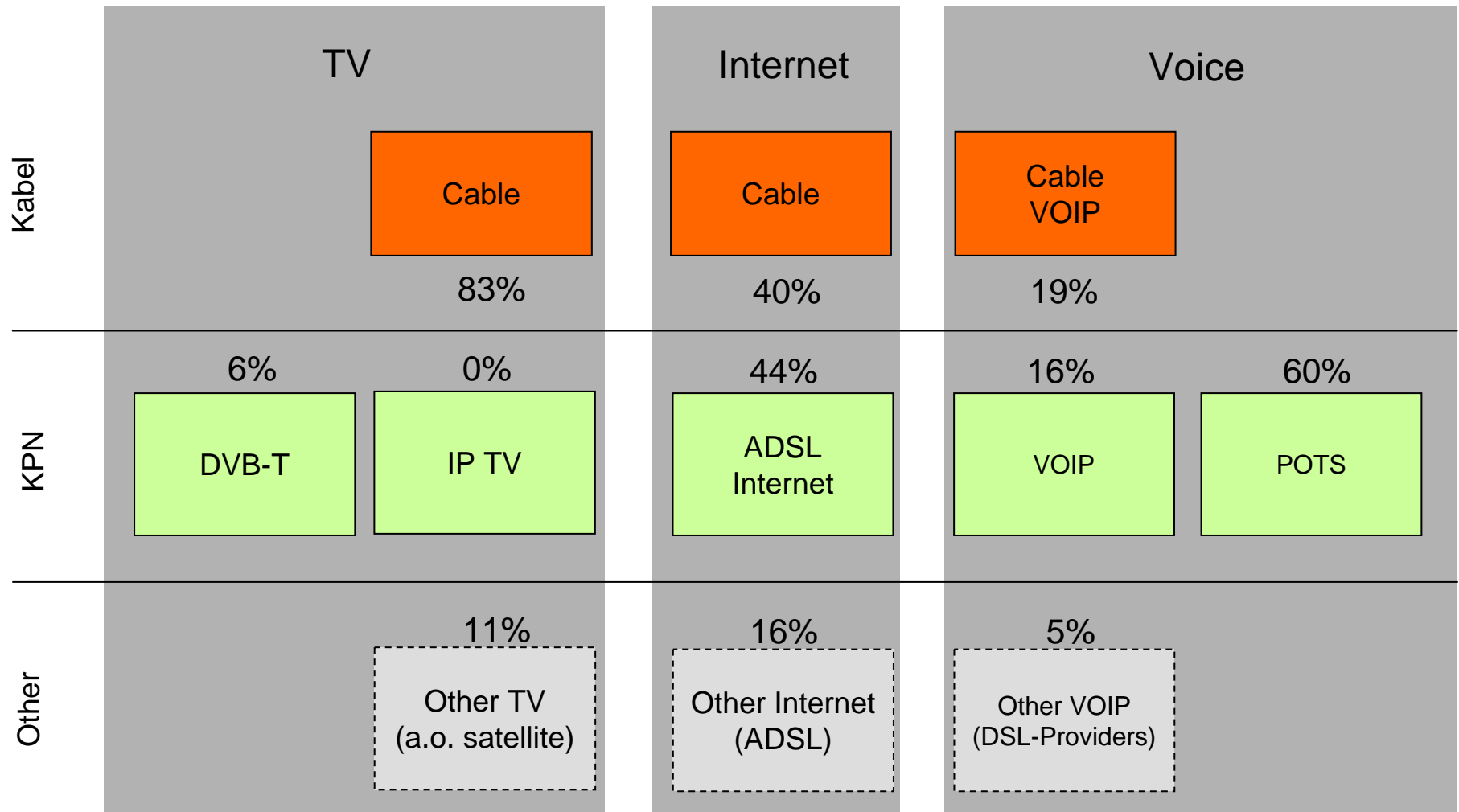
Existing operators are consolidating
Fibre to the home operators are emerging



On top of existing service providers,
new entrants with other business models



Marketshares The NL



Market Shares Consumer Market in % (indicative/management estimates)

Tariffs in the Multiplay market

Telfort	Casema	UPC
€ 19,95 tot 20 Mb/s	€ 69,95 20 Mb/s	€ 60,00 24 Mb/s
€ 9,95 voice	voice incl	Voice include



Internetsnelheid	Tot 20Mb/s	Tot 20Mb/s
Bellen	Bellen tegen voordelige Tele2 tarieven.	GRATIS naar vaste nummers in Nederland
Actie eerste 6 maanden	€ 14,95 p/mnd	€ 24,95 p/mnd
Abonnement	€ 29,95 p/mnd	€ 39,95 p/mnd

Next steps: FttC and FttH?

Change of mindshift KPN

- Market developments:
 - High churn to cable;
 - Television is crucial for Multiplay;
 - IP-technology



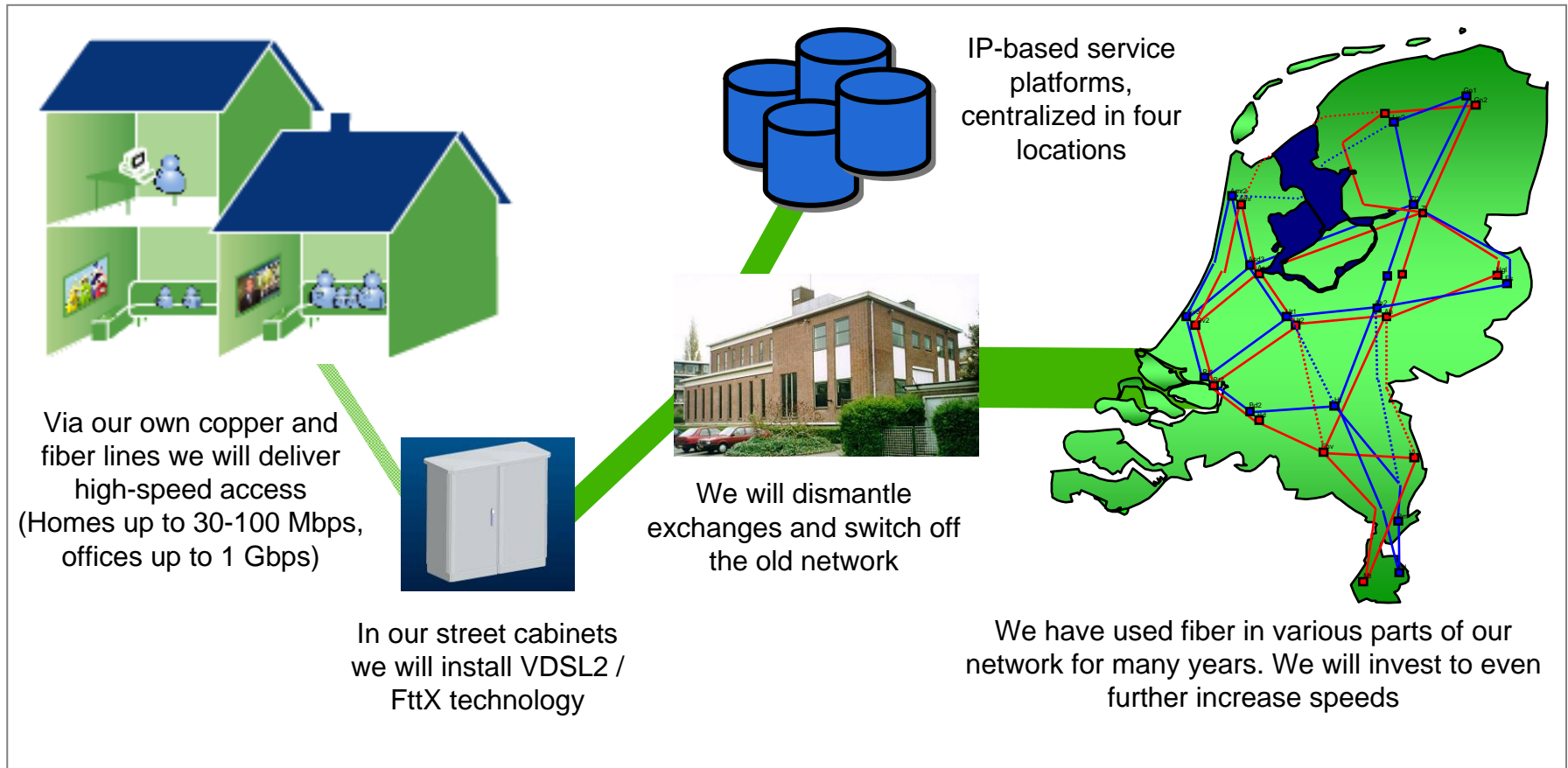
Upgrade of the network:

- VDSL by Fiber-to-the-Curb;
- Fiber-to-the-Home?

Business Model:

- Multiplay;
- Open wholesale

Upgrade of the network: FttC FttH: local projects in 2008-2009



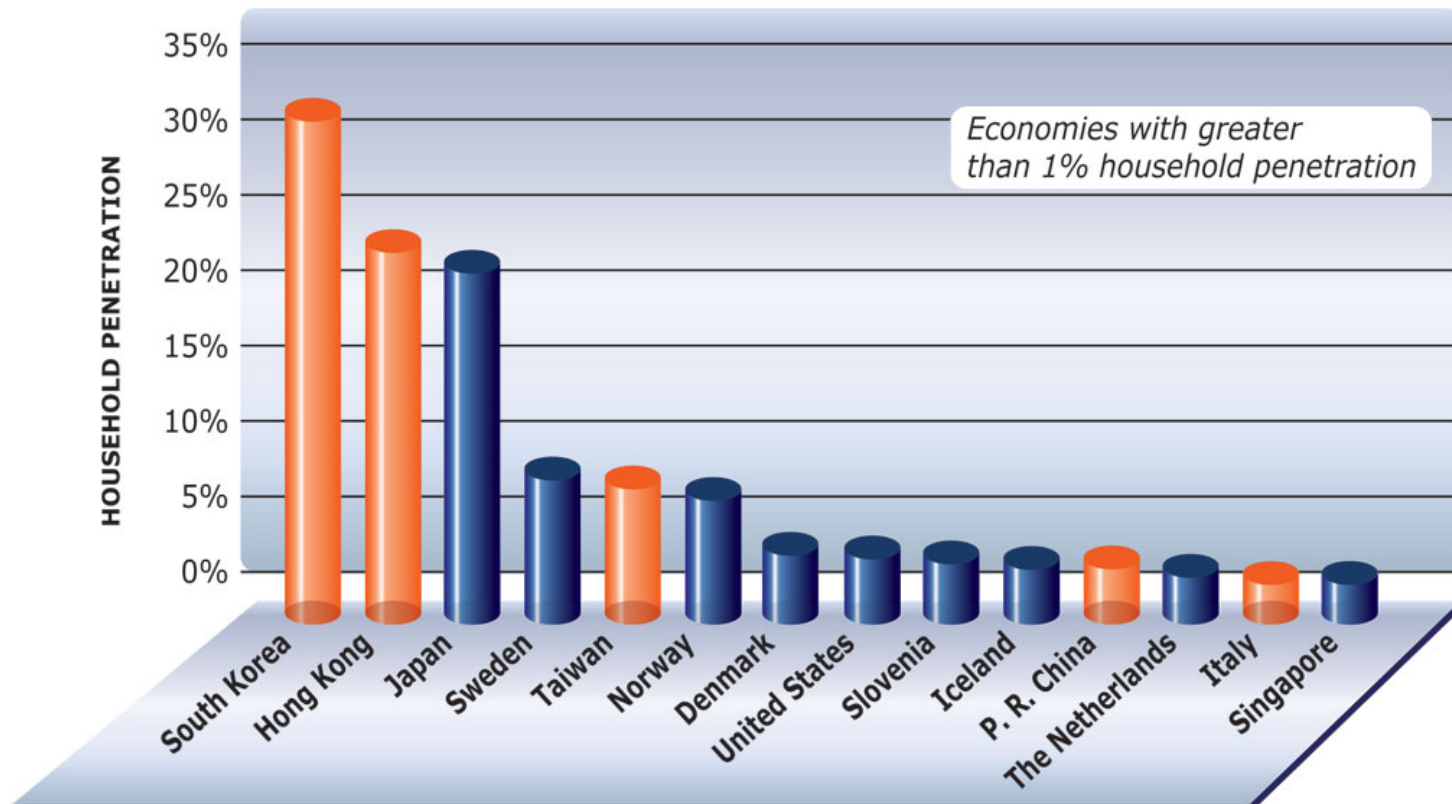
Business model: Multiplay FttC vs fttH

- Investment
 - FttC € 300 per HH
 - FttH €1000 per HH
- Technology:
 - FttC (VDSL): most HH have 30Mb download
 - FttH: 100 Mb plus 'analogue television
- ARPU:
 - Current ARPU approx. €40 p/m
 - With 60% penetration ARPU has to raise to € 60 p/m

 FttH is not proven yet

FttH is not yet 'proven'

Economies with the Highest Penetration of Fiber-to-the-Home / Building+LAN

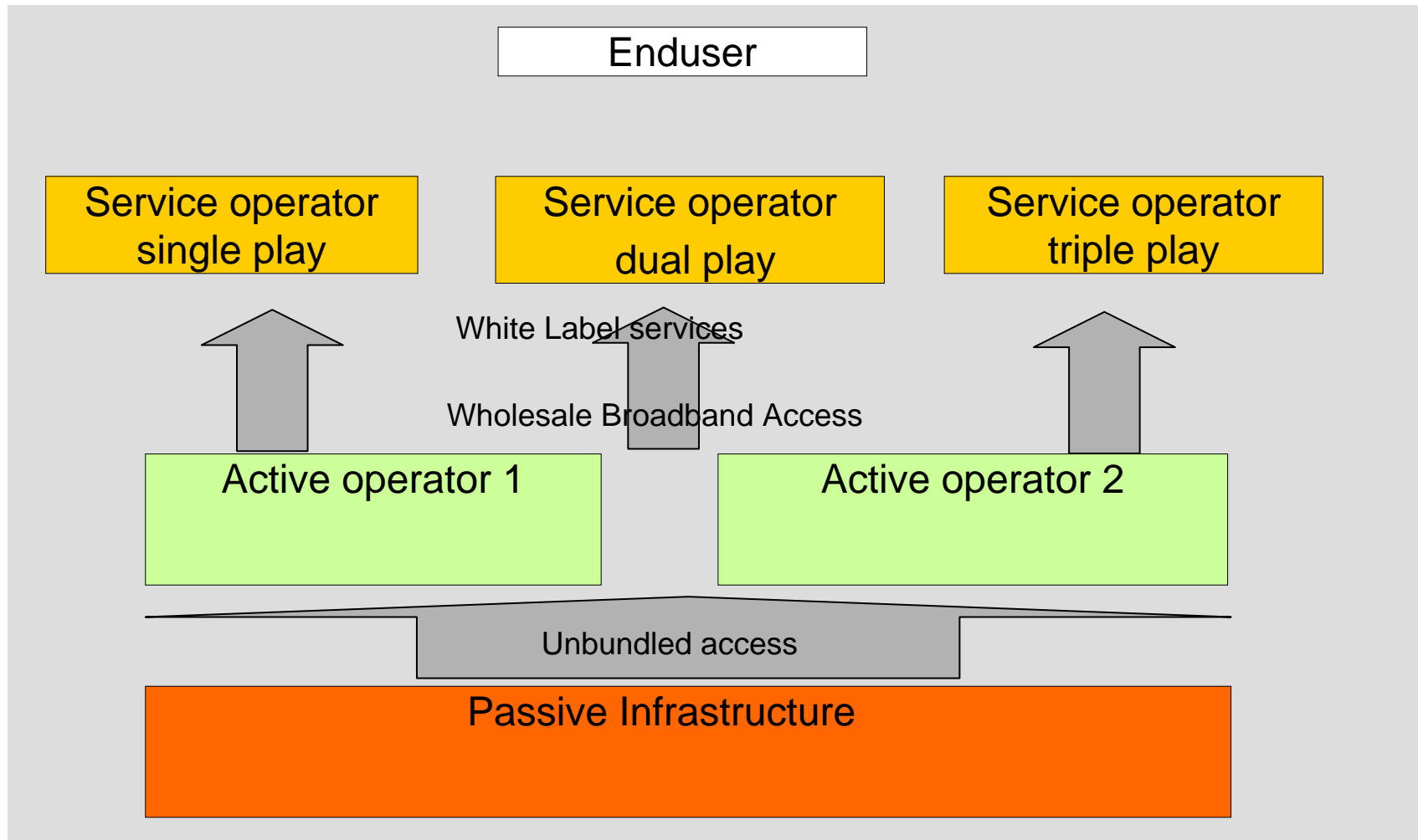


Year-End 2007 Ranking

Source: Fiber-to-the-Home Council
Feb 08

- Economies where majority architecture is **Fiber-to-the-Home**
- Economies where majority architecture is **Fiber-to-the-Building+LAN**

Business model: Open wholesale model



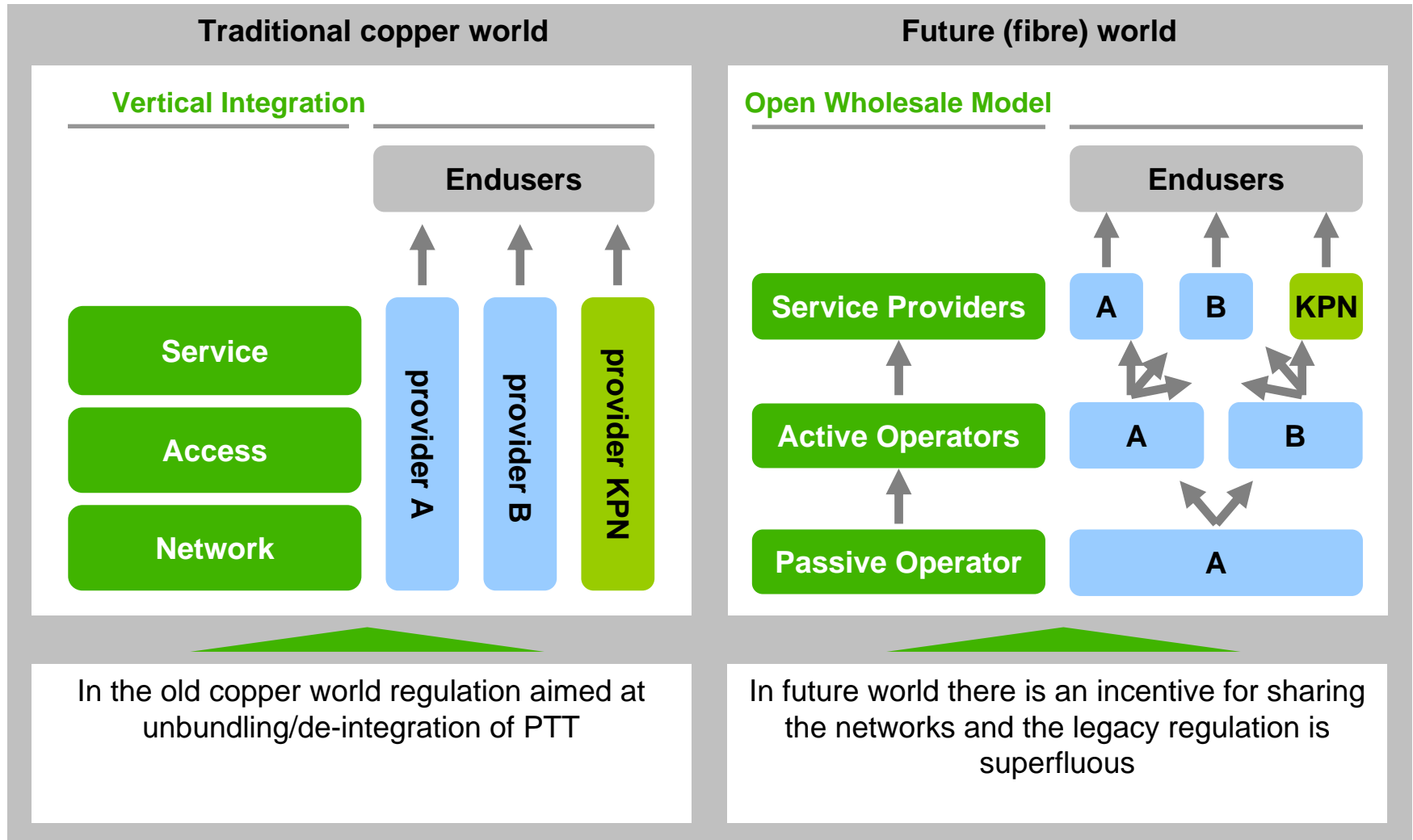
Open wholesale model;

www.kpn-wholesale.com/all ip/mdf migration offer

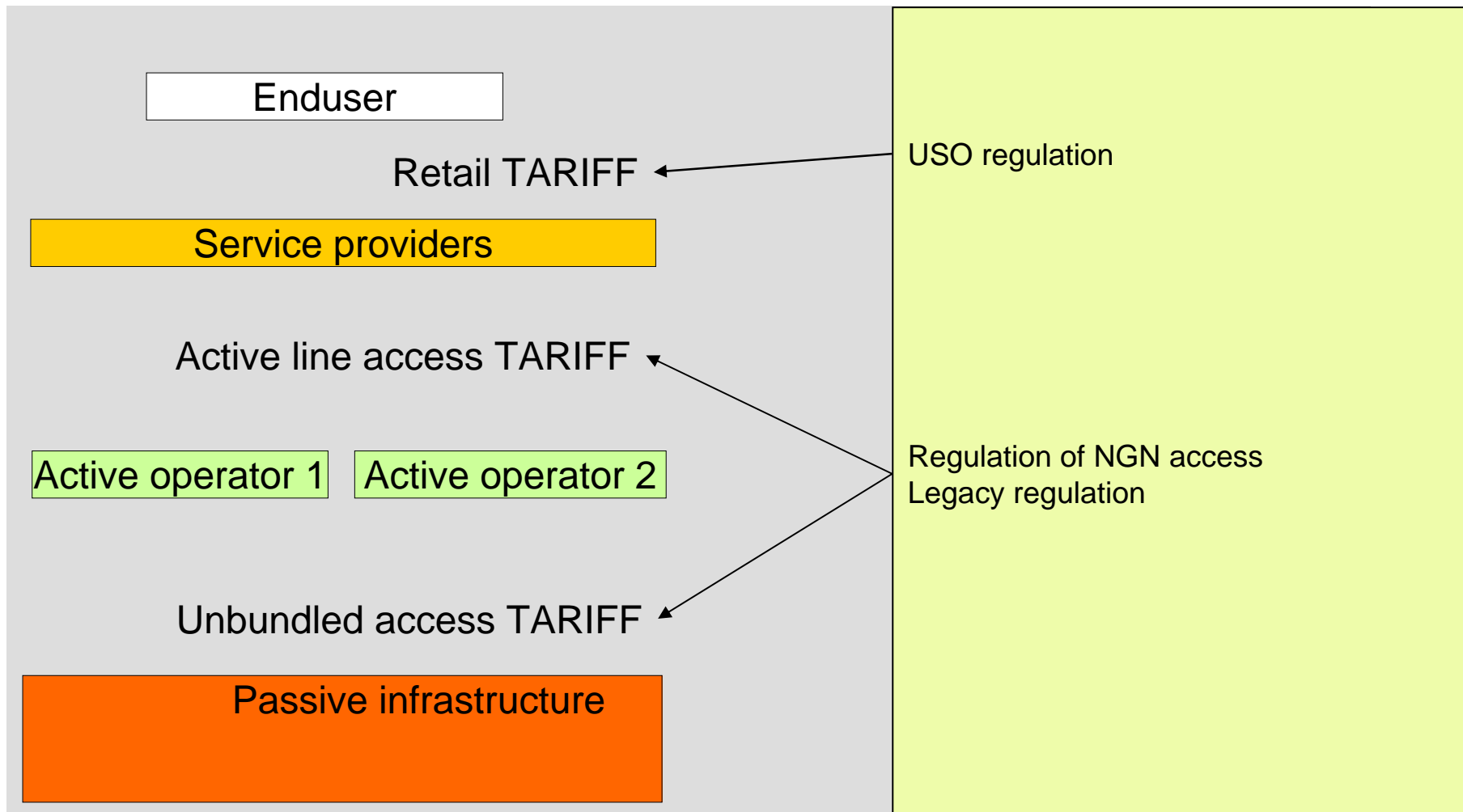
- MDF access;
- Migration from MDF to WBA and/or SLU
- Wholesale Broadband Access (WBA) via copper and fiber:
 - VLAN between service platform and enduser;
 - Broadcast WBA will also be available
 - The Wholesale customer determines capacity, QoS, redundancy, transparency of the VLAN;
 - Available on 3 network levels
 - WBA is a public offer of KPN on a non-discriminatory basis
- Sub Loop Unbundling (SLU) for copper
 - A Reference offer is made by KPN
 - Backhaul service is provided by KPN

Regulatory challenges

No more justification for legacy regulation



The impact of regulation on business case NGN;



Universal service obligation should be modernised

- Availability:
 - USO obligations should be technology neutral;
 - Everyone should be served with the best cost efficient technology
 - Wireless;
 - Fibre;
 - Copper

- Affordability:
 - Investment in NGN is based on ARPU of Multiplay
 - What to do with the cost of Voice-only service over NGN?

- Which layer is regulated?
 - Service provider?
 - Active operator?
 - Infrastructure provider?

Regulation of NGN access

- NGN is new and not 100 years around like the PTT network;
- 3 years regulation periods do not give certainty for investments;
- How to determine the costprice of a new service at the start when there is low penetration;
- How to deal with high penetration;
 - high margins (when?);
 - Cost price regulation should not deter investment

Legacy regulation

- **Legacy regulation:**
 - Unbundled local loop;
 - Call origination/CPS;
 - Wholesale Line Rental;
 - Leased lines

- **Low use of copper: high costprice**
 - Dismantling of copper should be allowed (OPTA accepts)
 - Increasing costprice of copper (OPTA does not accept)
 - Goal should be: stimulation of migration

Thank you
for your
attention