



Cyber Security and Critical Infrastructure Protection: An Australian Perspective

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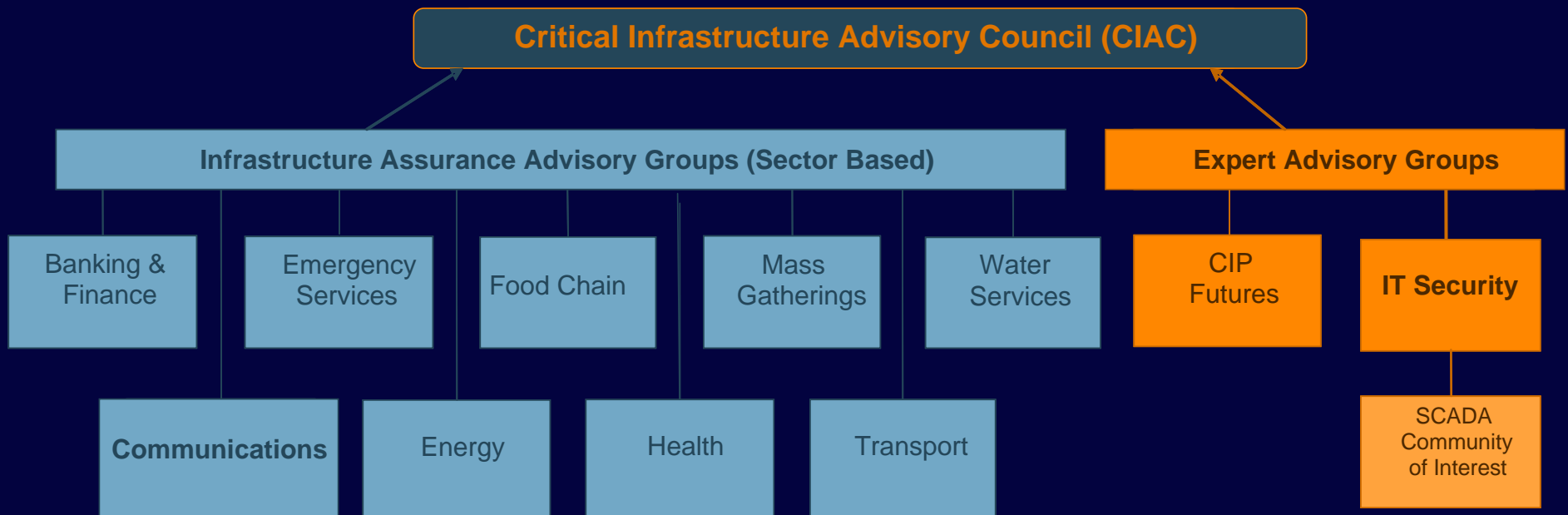
Australia's Digital Landscape: Snapshot

- Australia's digital economy
 - 21.5 million population
 - 8.4 million active Internet subscribers
 - 7.3 million (87%) with 'broadband'
- National Broadband Network
 - 100 mbps to 90% population
- Increasing scale and sophistication of threats
 - 17.7 million malware infections in 2008
 - 3,060 compromised computers per day
 - Annual cost of computer security incidents \$595-\$649 million
- Top national security priority

Australia's Cyber Security Policy

- E-Security National Agenda
 - Secure and trusted operating environment for public and private sectors
- Priorities
 - Government systems
 - Critical infrastructure
 - Home users and small to medium enterprises
- Integrated with critical infrastructure protection strategy
 - Electronic, physical, personnel and procedural security

Trusted Information Sharing Network for Critical Infrastructure Protection (TISN)

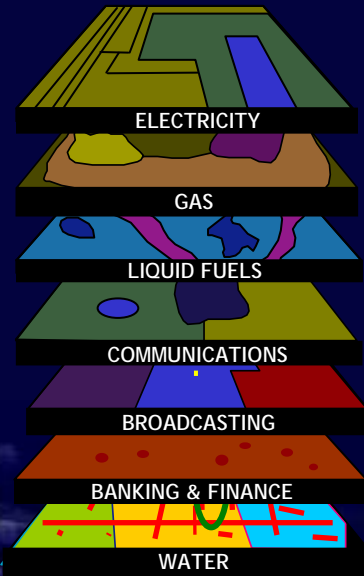


December 2007

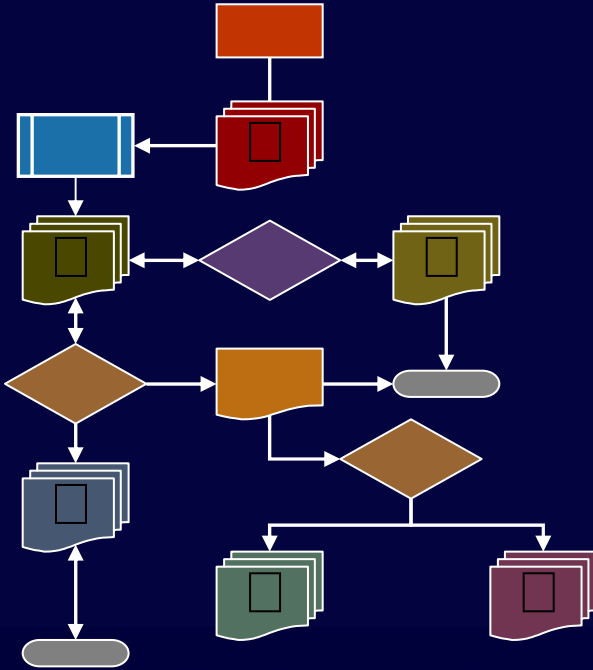
Critical Infrastructure Protection Modelling and Analysis (CIPMA)



INFORMATION & DATA



SYSTEM MODELLING



DECISION SUPPORT

- ECONOMIC
- SOCIAL
- INVESTMENT
- BUSINESS CONTINUITY
- SECURITY
- RESILIENCE

E-Security Review: Key Outcomes

- **Cyber Security Operations Centre**
 - Consolidated situational awareness
 - Coordinated operational response
 - Located within Defence Signals Directorate, with multi-agency expertise
 - Operational mid 2009
- **New National CERT**
 - Primary interface with private sector (systems of national interest)
 - Trusted information exchanges (communications, banking, SCADA)
 - Primary Australian contact in global CERT community
 - Amalgamating GovCERT.au and (selected) AusCERT functions
 - Operational early 2010

E-Security Review: Other Outcomes

- Internet Gateway Consolidation
 - Enhance security while maintaining redundancy
 - Broader work on security of government systems
- Internet Service Provider Code of Practice
 - Educate and protect users
- International Engagement Strategy
 - Incident response, legal frameworks and law enforcement cooperation, critical infrastructure protection, capacity building
 - Bilateral, regional, multilateral institutions



Future Directions

- New Policy Framework
 - Released later in 2009
- Research and Development
 - National Security Science and Innovation Strategy
- Crisis Management Plan
 - Cyber security incidents of national significance
 - Exercise Cyber Storm III

Conclusions

- Government leadership role, in partnership with business and the community (domestically and internationally)
- Integrated approach against 'all hazards' and interdependencies
- Security is an enabler to providing **trusted** and **resilient** systems



Questions?

Thank You

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